

AWARDS & RECOGNITION







AWARDS & RECOGNITION

Year	Award Milestone	
2013	KEN Rimba Condominium 1 KEN Rimba Condominium 2 KEN TTDI	BCA Green Mark GOLD ^{PLUS} Award (Provisional) BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) USGBC LEED Platinum Award (Pre-Certification) BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional)
2012	KEN Holdings Berhad KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences	Carbon Neutral Status BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional)
2011	KEN Holdings Berhad KEN Rimba KEN Bangsar	Carbon Neutral Status GBI Pilot Project for The GBI Township Tool FuturArc Green Leadership Citation Award PAM Silver Award For Excellence In Architecture FIABCI Malaysia Property Award: Sustainable Development Category
2010	KEN Holdings Berhad KEN Rimba Legian Residences KEN Rimba Commercial Centre KEN Bangsar	New Straits Times SC Cheah Choice Awards: Best Green Developer Carbon Neutral Status BCA Green Mark Gold Award GBI Certified Award BCA Green Mark Certified Award GBI Gold Award The Edge-PAM Green Excellence Award
2009	KEN Bangsar	BCA Green Mark GOLD ^{PLUS} Award



















CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of KEN Holdings Berhad ("KEN") ("Board"), I am pleased to present the Annual Report and the audited Financial Statements of the Group and the Company for the financial year ended ("FYE") 31 December 2013.

OUTLOOK

The Malaysian economy is expected to expand further by 5.0% - 5.5% in 2014 supported by favourable domestic demand and an improving external environment. Given that domestic demand is expected to continue its strong growth momentum and domestic demand-driven inflation estimated to remain modest, public and private expenditure are likely to remain supportive of growth.

Despite the cooling measures such as increase in Real Property Gain Tax rate and abolishment of developer's interest bearing scheme announced by the Malaysian Government in the 2014 Budget to curb rising property prices and speculative activity, we are confident that the Group will not be adversely affected as we always aim to provide affordable high rated green developments. The property sector is expected to remain stable, albeit at a moderate pace, supported by buoyant business, improved consumer sentiment and the Mass Rapid Transit (MRT) Line between Sungai Buloh and Kajang, which will improve accessibility in the suburban areas and hence stimulate demand for properties.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the FYE 31 December 2013, the Group's revenue increased by 3.14 % to RM55.8 million as compared to the previous financial year of RM54.1 million. In tandem with the higher revenue, the Group recorded a higher pre-tax profit of RM28.3 million (2012: RM22.8 million).

Net assets per share of the Group was RM2.05 as at 31 December 2013 (2012: RM1.86), an increase by 10.2% from the previous year, which is in line with the higher revenue and post-tax profit recorded for the FYE 31 December 2013.

CORPORATE DEVELOPMENT

On 24 February 2014, the Group announced a proposed share split involving the subdivision of every one (1) existing ordinary share of RM1.00 in KEN into two (2) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in KEN ("Proposed Share Split") and the amendments to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of KEN (to facilitate the implementation of the Proposed Share Split). Upon completion, the resultant issued and paid up share capital of KEN will be 191,720,000 split shares (including 12,371,400 split shares held as treasury shares). The Proposed Share Split will be subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

DIVIDENDS

The Group remains committed to create long-term maintainable earnings for shareholders and have been declaring consistent dividend yield to its shareholders. The Board has recommended a first and final single tier ordinary dividend of 4.5 sen per ordinary share in respect of the FYE 31 December 2013 for your continued support and confidence in us. The proposed dividend shall be subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM.

CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

The Group recognises the importance of creating a balance between creating a successful business that enhances shareholders' value and placing high priority on social and environmental responsibility. As a testament to the Group's commitment to being a responsible developer, the Group has achieved many awards and recognition for its "green" developments and will continue to elevate the Malaysian society towards green concept living by offering high rated green developments for all future developments.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Upcoming project in Johor Bahru

Since the previous Annual Report 2012, we have voluntarily prepared a Sustainability Report detailing the extensive efforts we have taken to uphold sustainable practices and to promote green living as a way of life among all stakeholders. Details of the Sustainability Report are set out on pages 33 to 48 of this Annual Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is committed to uphold the best practices set out in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 ("Code") in the conduct of activities of the Group with a view to enhance stakeholder value and increasing investors and customers' confidence. The Group's Statement of Corporate Governance pertaining to the implementation of the Code during the year under review can be found on pages 19 to 25 of this Annual Report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my appreciation to the management and employees for their invaluable contribution and commitment to the Group. I would also like to express my sincere gratitude

for the unwavering support and confidence from our shareholders, purchasers, suppliers, bankers, business associates and the various regulatory authorities.

On 31 December 2013, YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud has left the Board. The Board would like to take this opportunity to thank YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud for his immense contribution over the years and we wish him the best in his future undertakings.

I would also like to extend my utmost appreciation to my fellow Board members for your continued support and dedication throughout the year.

With all the continued support given by all stakeholders, we look forward to another successful year ahead.

DATO' TAN BOON KANG DPMT., DPNS

Group Executive Chairman Kuala Lumpur 24 March 2014

MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REVIEW



2014 will be another exciting and challenging year for the Group as we have new projects lined up extending to the East Coast and South of the Peninsular Malaysia. I am pleased to present a review on the KEN Group's performance for the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT OPERATIONS

KEN Rimba Township

Within the KEN Rimba Township, Malaysia's 1st Green Township, we have successfully completed and handed over two phases, namely KEN Rimba Legian Residences and KEN Rimba Commercial Centre, both of which have been individually awarded with green certifications.

Our ongoing project, KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences, comprising 168 units of double storey terrace houses complete with a loft was launched in early 2013 and received strong response from the purchasers. KEN Rimba Jimbaran has been awarded the BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional), setting a new standard for landed homes, and is scheduled to be completed by early of 2015.

Our upcoming project, KEN Rimba Condominium 1, which is Phase 5 of the township development comprising 679 units and villas, is the first high-rise residential development being awarded the prestigious BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional). This development, which is now open for registration, will offer purchasers a great opportunity to own an affordable

high rated green development and is expected to be launched in the second quarter of 2014.

Following the launch of KEN Rimba Condominium 1 will be KEN Rimba Condominium 2, which has set a benchmark by being awarded the BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional). We are also planning for a boutique hotel with commercial serviced suites for the final phase development of the KEN Rimba Township.

KEN TTDI

The 13-storey green rated future corporate headquarters of the Group situated within the affluent vicinity of Taman Tun Dr. Ismail will comprise platinum grade corporate office suites, meeting-incentives-conventions-exhibitions (MICE), performing arts theatre, art gallery, chains of food and beverage outlets, gymnasium, rooftop pool and skybar. KEN TTDI has been awarded two environmental platinum awards, namely the BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) and USGBC LEED Platinum Award (Pre-certification) and is also Multimedia Super Corridor (MSC) compliant. Upon completion, KEN TTDI is expected to provide a long-term recurring income for the Group. This world-class sustainable corporate office tower is now open for leasing and is targeted to be completed by early of 2015.

UPCOMING DEVELOPMENTS

We have several new projects lined up, expanding from green residential developments to mixed green township developments, which will contribute positively to the Group's earnings over the next few years.

In October 2013, KEN has entered into an agreement with Perbadanan Kemajuan Iktisad Negeri Kelantan (PKINK) to collaborate on developing the first green development in Kota Bharu, Kelantan, which is strategically located next to Kota Bharu Mall on Jalan Hamzah. We are planning for a mixed development comprising hotel and serviced suites. Given its strategic location, great accessability and with the support of the state government, this will be a good opportunity for the Group to bring a new lifestyle of living for the local residents as well as to uplift the state economy.

Down south, our project KEN JBCC is an integrated green city located in the flagship Zone A just 2.5km from the Woodlands Causeway. This highly anticipated development will be the biggest development to be undertaken by the Group and hence, a huge driver for the Group in the coming years and is expected to commence in 2014.

MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REVIEW



KEN TTDI perspective

We are also venturing into hospitality and green certified mixed development for our landbank in Genting, which is strategically located at the top of the hill, ideal for a getaway.

These new projects are expected to contribute positive income stream to the Group over the next few years.

GREEN EFFORTS WITHIN THE COMPANY

We believe that social, economic and environmental sustainability must coexist and be balanced together. Our continuing efforts of integrating corporate responsibility into our working practices include, amongst others, re-cycling of papers and materials, reducing the usage of papers and promoting energy saving through our energy conservation competition. In support of reducing carbon emission, we are also proud to be the first company to introduce our "KEN Green Allowance", an interest subsidy scheme, which aims to encourage employees of the Group to buy hybrid cars.



Construction of KEN TTDI in progress

Being the pioneer and leader of Green development in Malaysia, the Group's commitment to sustainable developments and practice are driven by its core values - We are hands on and committed; We take pride in our work; We are innovators and we create value; We are part of the KEN Family; We embrace sustainable practices - "Mottainai".

Further details of our corporate responsibility initiatives and activities are set out on pages 33 to 48 of this Annual Report.

In line with the vision of the Group, we remain committed and will continue to deliver quality green certified sustainable development which will not only create value but also comfort and sustainable living concept for the well-being of all homeowners.

TAN CHEK SIONG

Group Managing Director Kuala Lumpur 24 March 2014

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



- 1. Dato' Tan Boon Kang Group Executive Chairman
- 2. Tan Chek Siong Group Managing Director
- 3. Tang Kam Chee Executive Director
- Tan Moon Hwa Executive Director

- 5. YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainudin bin Raja Haji Omar Independent Non-Executive Director
- 6. YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail Independent Non-Executive Director
- 7. Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad Independent Non-Executive Director
- 8. Sha Thiam Lu Independent Non-Executive Director

DIRECTORS' PROFILE

I Dato' Tan Boon Kang

Group Executive Chairman
56 years of age | | Malaysian

Dato' Tan Boon Kang is the founder of the Group and has been the driving force behind the growth of the Group in all its activities over the past 33 years. He was appointed to the Board on 18 March 1996 and has been Chairman/Managing Director of the Group from March 2009 to February 2013. On 28 February 2013, he was re-designated as Group Executive Chairman. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee.

He has vast experience in the specialist engineering business and was the pioneer in Malaysia for the highly-acclaimed soil-nailing system which is now the most widely used method of slope protection. He has contributed significantly in elevating the Group to one of the more established specialist engineering companies in Malaysia and Hong Kong. He was also instrumental in diversifying the Group's business into property development and has created a very eminent brand name whilst developing a loyal following amongst property buyers in the Klang Valley.

He does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

Dato' Tan is the brother of Mr. Tan Moon Hwa, Executive Director of the Company and is also the father of Mr. Tan Chek Siong, Group Managing Director of the Company.

Tan Chek Siong

Group Managing Director
33 years of age | I Malaysian

Tan Chek Siong was appointed to the Board on 24 February 2006 as an Executive Director. On 28 February 2013, he was re-designated as Group Managing Director. He graduated with a Bachelors of Civil Engineering from the University College London, United Kingdom in 2001 and also received his Graduate Diploma in Law from The College of Law, London, United Kingdom in 2004.

He joined the Group in October 2004 as a Special Assistant to the Managing Director. Prior to joining the Group, he worked with Arup Consulting Engineers in London, working in the geotechnical division and was subsequently seconded to the GBP 5.6 billion Channel Tunnel Rail Link project, constructing England's first high speed railway lines, a new international station in Stratford, East London, 36km of tunnels under Central London and a new Eurostar terminal at St. Pancras.

He currently oversees the Group's operations in property development, construction, property management and sales & marketing. He was also instrumental in spearheading the Green building movement transformation in the Group on sustainable development. The Group has garnered numerous awards, the latest being the prestigious BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) and USGBC LEED Platinum Award (Pre-

Certification) for KEN TTDI, BCA Green Mark GOLD^{PLUS} Award (Provisional) for KEN Rimba Condominium 1 and BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) for KEN Rimba Condominium 2.

He actively serves on the Real Estate & Housing Developer's Association, REHDA National council sitting as the Chairman of the Environment Committee and Deputy Chairman of REHDA YOUTH.

He does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

He is the son of Dato' Tan Boon Kang, Group Executive Chairman of the Company and the nephew of Mr. Tan Moon Hwa, Executive Director of the Company.

Tang Kam Chee

Executive Director
59 years of age

Malaysian

Tang Kam Chee was appointed to the Board on 20 February 1998. He is an associate member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (UK). He graduated from Kolej Tunku Abdul Rahman with a Diploma in Business Studies and started his career in audit with Hanafiah Raslan Mohamad (merged and now known as Ernst & Young), a public accounting firm in 1977.

He has over 20 years experience in accounting, finance, administration and corporate finance. He has worked in a number of industries, namely in the beverage industry with Fraser & Neave Berhad, the motor trade business with Cycle & Carriage Bintang Berhad, financial services with MBf Capital Berhad and property development with Metroplex Berhad. He joined the Group in 1997 as Director, Finance and Administration and currently oversees the corporate and financial operations of the Group.

Mr. Tang does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

Tan Moon Hwa

Executive Director

51 years of age I Malaysian

Tan Moon Hwa was appointed to the Board on 18 March 1996. He has been with the Group since 1980 and has extensive experience, with more than 15 years in the specialist engineering business, particularly in the geotechnical sector and structural repair and rehabilitation works. He currently heads the specialist engineering section and has improvised techniques to expedite and improve efficiency.

He does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

He is the brother of Dato' Tan Boon Kang, Group Executive Chairman of the Company and the uncle of Mr. Tan Chek Siong, Group Managing Director of the Company.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainudin bin Raja Haji Omar

Independent Non-Executive Director 58 years of age | Malaysian

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainudin bin Raja Haji Omar was appointed to the Board on 29 January 2003. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee, and a member of the Remuneration Committee.

He has been actively involved in the political scene in Malaysia since 1982. He was the Press Secretary to the Menteri Besar of Perak in 1982 and moved on to be the Political Secretary in 1986 until 1999. He has also been a Member of Parliament for the constituency of Larut and is also the State Assemblyman in Perak. In 2013, he obtained an Honorary Doctrate from the World Academy of Arts and Culture (WAAC), California, USA.

He is also a director of Muhibbah Engineering (M) Berhad and Majuperak Holdings Berhad.

YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail

Independent Non-Executive Director
59 years of age | Malaysian

YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail was appointed to the Board on 5 March 2012. He is also a member of the Audit Committee.

He graduated from the University College of Wales, Aberystwyth, United Kingdom with a Bachelor of Science in Economic (Hons). He started his career with ICI Paints Malaysia in 1976 as Marketing Manager in the paints division. In 1985, he joined Armitage Shanks Malaysia as a General Manager, marketing its toiletries fittings line of products. In 1995, he ventured into his own business dealing with the trading of construction materials.

He does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad

Independent Non-Executive Director 61 years of age | | Malaysian

Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 20 February 2013. He is also a member of the Nomination Committee.

He holds a Doctorate of Philosophy in Civil Engineering from University of New Hampshire, United States of America, Master of Science in Engineering from the University of South Carolina, United States of America and a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering (Civil) from the University of Aberdeen, Scotland.

He was attached with Jabatan Kerja Raya (JKR), Penang, as a State Director from July 2001 to January 2005 and became the Senior Director of the Engineering Branch of JKR in February 2005. He then joined the Minister of Works, Malaysia, as a technical adviser from December 2011 to November 2012.

He does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

Sha Thiam Lu

Independent Non-Executive Director 47 years of age | | Malaysian

Mr. Sha was appointed to the Board on 20 February 2013 as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company. He is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination and Audit Committees.

He graduated from Arkansas State University, United States of America, with a Bachelor of Science in Computer Information System (Hons) in 1990 and Bachelor of Science in Accounting in 1991. He was admitted to the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants as a Certified Practising Accountant in 1998. He is also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and a Certified Financial Planner of the Financial Planning Association of Malaysia. He joined Sha & Co. (now known as Sha, Tan & Co.) in 1993, a public accountants firm, and became a partner of the firm in 1999. Mr. Sha has over 20 years of working experience in the field of audit, financial accounting and planning.

He does not hold any other directorship in other public listed companies.

Notes:

- 1. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors have any family relationship with any other Directors and/or substantial shareholders of the Company.
- 2. None of the Directors have any conflict of interest with the Company.
- None of the Director have been convicted for any offences against the law other than traffic offences (if any) within the past ten (10) years.
- 4. Please refer to the Statement of Corporate Governance on pages 19 to 25 of this Annual Report for the Directors' meeting attendance records.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of Ken Holdings Berhad ("KEN" or the "Company") will be held at Dewan Berjaya, Bukit Kiara Equestrian & Country Resort, Jalan Bukit Kiara, Off Jalan Damansara, 60000 Kuala Lumpur on Tuesday, 15 April 2014, at 10.00 a.m. for the transaction of the following businesses:

- 1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 together with the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To declare a first and final single tier dividend of 4.5 sen per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013.

(Resolution 1)

3. To approve the Directors' fees of RM180,000/- (2012: RM160,000) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013.

(Resolution 2)

- 4. To re-elect the following Directors who retire pursuant to Article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:
 - (a) Dato' Tan Boon Kang
 - (b) Mr. Tan Chek Siong
 - (c) YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar

- (Resolution 3) (Resolution 4)
- (Resolution 5)
- 5. To re-appoint Messrs. KPMG as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

(Resolution 6)

6. As Special Business:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary/Special resolutions:

(a) Ordinary Resolution 1

Proposed Share Split involving the subdivision of every one (1) existing ordinary share of RM1.00 each in KEN ("KEN Share(s)" Or "Share(s)") into two (2) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in KEN ("Split Share(s)") ("Proposed Share Split")

"THAT, subject to the passing of the Special Resolution, and the approvals of all relevant authorities being obtained, approval be and is hereby given to the Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") to subdivide each of the existing ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in KEN, held by the shareholders of KEN whose names appear in the Record of Depositors of the Company as at the close of business on a date to be determined and announced later by the Board ("Entitlement Date"), into two (2) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in KEN;

AND THAT the Split Shares shall, upon allotment and issuance, rank *pari passu* in all respects with each other;

AND THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to give effect to the Proposed Share Split with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, variations and/or amendments as may be required by the relevant authorities and to do all such acts as they may consider necessary or expedient in the best interest of the Company to give full effect to the Proposed Share Split."

(Resolution 7)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(b) Ordinary Resolution 2 Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965

(Resolution 8)

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, Articles of Association of the Company and approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory bodies where such approvals shall be necessary, the Directors be and are hereby authorised and empowered pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 to allot and issue shares in the Company at any time until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the issued capital for the time being of the Company and that the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities")."

(c) Ordinary Resolution 3

Proposed Renewal of Authority for the Company to purchase its own Shares of up to ten percent (10%) of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company ("Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back")

"THAT, subject to compliance with the Companies Act, 1965, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and all other applicable laws, regulations and guidelines and the approvals of all relevant governmental and/or regulatory authorities, the Company be and is hereby authorised to allocate an amount not exceeding the total available retained profits of the Company for the purpose of and to purchase such amount of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in the Company, or in the case where the Proposed Share Split is approved, the amount of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in the Company ("Proposed Purchase") as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time through Bursa Securities as the Directors may deem fit in the interest of the Company provided that the aggregate number of shares purchased and/or held pursuant to this resolution does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at the point of purchase;

AND THAT, upon completion of the purchase by the Company of its own shares, the Directors are authorised to retain the shares as treasury shares or cancel the shares or retain part of the shares so purchased as treasury shares and cancel the remainder **AND THAT** the Directors are further authorised to resell the treasury shares on Bursa Securities or distribute the treasury shares as dividends to the Company's shareholders or subsequently cancel the treasury shares or any combination of the three;

AND THAT the Directors be and are hereby empowered to carry out the above immediately upon the passing of this resolution and from the date of the passing of this resolution until:

- (i) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company following the General Meeting at which this resolution was passed at which time it shall lapse unless by an ordinary resolution passed at that meeting, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next Annual General Meeting after that date is required by law to be held; or

(Resolution 9)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(iii) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders in General Meeting,

whichever is the earliest but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchase(s) by the Company before the aforesaid expiry date and to take all steps as are necessary and/or to do all such acts and things as the Directors deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company to give full effect to the Proposed Purchase with full powers to assent to any condition, modification, revaluation, variation and/or amendment (if any) as may be imposed by the relevant authorities."

(d) Ordinary Resolution 4 Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director

(Resolution 10)

"THAT authority be and is hereby given to YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine years, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company."

(e) Special Resolution Proposed Amendments to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of KEN ("Proposed Amendments")

(Resolution 11)

"THAT, subject to the passing of Ordinary Resolution 1, approval be and is hereby given to the Board to alter, modify, vary and delete the Memorandum and Articles of Association of KEN in the following manner:

Clause 5 of Memorandum of Association	The capital of the Company is RM300,000,000.00 Malaysian Currency divided into 300,000,000 shares of RM1.00 each. The shares in the original or any increased capital may be divided into several classes and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to	Proposed Amendment The capital of the Company is RM300,000,000.00 Malaysian Currency divided into 600,000,000 shares of RM0.50 each. The shares in the original or any increased capital may be divided into several classes and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividends, capital, voting or otherwise.				
Article 3 of Articles of Association	RM300,000,000.00 divided	capital of the Company is RM300,000,000.00 divided into 600,000,000 ordinary				

AND THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to give effect to the Proposed Amendments with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, variations and/ or amendments as may be required by the relevant authorities and to do all such acts as they may consider necessary or expedient in the best interest of the Company to give full effect to the Proposed Amendments."

7. To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ENTITLEMENT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting, a first and final single tier dividend of 4.5 sen per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2013 will be payable on 16 May 2014 to depositors registered in the Record of Depositors on 2 May 2014.

A depositor shall qualify for entitlement only in respect of:

- (a) Shares transferred to the Depositor's Securities Account before 4.00 p.m. on 2 May 2014 in respect of transfers; and
- (b) Shares bought on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,

CHOW CHOOI YOONG (MAICSA 0772574) HAZLINA BT HARUN (LS 03078)

Company Secretaries

Kuala Lumpur 24 March 2014

Notes:

- 1. A member of the Company entitled to attend, speak and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint any person as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of proxy.
- 2. A member may appoint up to two (2) persons to be his/her proxy. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee ("EAN") as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one (1) securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the EAN may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 4. In the case of a corporate body, the proxy appointed must be in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and the instrument appointing a proxy shall be given under the Company's Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 5. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office at No. 6, Jalan Datuk Sulaiman, Taman Tun Dr. Ismail, 60000 Kuala Lumpur not less than 48 hours before the time set for the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 6. For purposes of determining who shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at this meeting, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to make available to the Company pursuant to Article 55(C) of the Articles of Association of the Company and Paragraph 7.16(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, a Record of Depositors as at 8 April 2014 and a Depositor whose name appears on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at this meeting or appoint proxy to attend, speak and vote in his/her stead.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ENTITLEMENT

7. Explanatory Notes on Ordinary and Special Business:

(a) Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2013

The audited financial statements are for discussion only under Agenda 1, as it does not require shareholders' approval under the provisions of Section 169(1) and (3) of the Companies Act, 1965. Hence, it will not be put for voting.

(b) Resolution in respect of the Proposed Share Split

Resolution No. 7 proposed under item 6(a), if passed, will enable the Company to undertake the Proposed Share Split involving the subdivision of every one (1) existing KEN Share into two (2) Split Shares. The Proposed Share Split is expected to enhance the marketability and liquidity of the ordinary shares of KEN on the Main Market of Bursa Securities. For further information, please refer to Part A of the Circular to Shareholders dated 24 March 2014 which is circulated together with this Annual Report.

(c) Resolution pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965

Resolution No. 8 proposed under item 6(b) is to seek a renewal of the general mandate for the issue of new ordinary shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 which was approved by shareholders at the last year's Annual General Meeting. There was no issuance of new shares during the year.

The proposed Resolution No. 8, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company to issue and allot new shares in the Company at any time and for such purposes as the Directors considered would be in the interests of the Company up to an aggregate not exceeding 10% of the issued share capital of the Company without convening a general meeting. This authority unless revoked or varied at a general meeting will expire at the next Annual General Meeting.

The renewal mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares, for the purpose of funding investment project(s), working capital and/or acquisition.

(d) Resolution in respect of the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back

Resolution No. 9 proposed under item 6(c), if passed, will empower the Company to purchase and/or hold up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company. This authority will, unless revoked or varied by the Company in General Meeting, expire at the next Annual General Meeting. For further information, please refer to Part B of the Circular to Shareholders dated 24 March 2014 which is circulated together with this Annual Report.

(e) Resolution pursuant to Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director

In line with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012, the Nomination Committee has assessed the independence of YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine years, and upon its recommendation, the Board of Directors has recommended him to continue to act as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company based on the following justifications:-

- (i) YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar has fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, and hence, he would be able to provide an element of objectivity, independent judgment and balance to the Board.
- (ii) His length of service on the Board of more than nine years does not in any way interfere with his exercise of objective judgment or his ability to act in the best interests of the Company and Group. In fact, YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar, having been with the Company for more than nine years, is familiar with the Group's business operations and has devoted sufficient time and commitment to his role and responsibilities as an Independent Director for informed and balance decision making.
- (iii) He has exercised due care during his tenure as Independent Director of the Company and has discharged his duties with reasonable skill and competence, bringing independent judgment and depth into the Board's decision making in the interest of the Company and its shareholders.

(f) Special Resolution in respect of the Proposed Amendments

Resolution No. 11 proposed under item 6(e), if passed, will facilitate the implementation of the Proposed Share Split proposed under item 6(a). For further information, please refer to Part A of the Circular to Shareholders dated 24 March 2014 which is circulated together with this Annual Report.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Dato' Tan Boon Kang

Group Executive Chairman

Tan Chek Siong

Group Managing Director

Tan Moon Hwa

Executive Director

Tang Kam Chee

Executive Director

YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail

Independent Non-Executive Director

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar

Independent Non-Executive Director

Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad

Independent Non-Executive Director

Sha Thiam Lu

Independent Non-Executive Director

Audit Committee

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar

Chairman

YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail

Member

Sha Thiam Lu

Member

Nomination Committee

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar

Chairman

Sha Thiam Lu

Member

Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad

Member

Remuneration Committee

Sha Thiam Lu

Chairman

Dato' Tan Boon Kang

Member

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar

Member

Company Secretaries

Chow Chooi Yoong

(MAICSA 0772574)

Hazlina bt Harun

(LS 03078)

Auditors

KPMG (Firm No: AF0758) **Chartered Accountants**

Level 10, KPMG Tower, 8 First Avenue, Bandar Utama,

47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel : (03) 7721-3388 : (03) 7721-3399 Fax

Share Registrar

Tricor Investor Services Sdn Bhd

Level 17, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : (03) 2264-3883

Fax : (03) 2282-1886

E-mail: is.enquiry@my.tricorglobal.com

Stock Exchange Listing

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Code : 7323 Stock Name : KEN Sector : Properties

Registered Office

6, Jalan Datuk Sulaiman, Taman Tun Dr. Ismail, 60000 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : (03) 7727-9933 Fax : (03) 7728-8246

E-mail: khb@kenholdings.com.my Website: www.kenholdings.com.my

Principal Banker

Malayan Banking Berhad (Maybank)

KEN SELANGOR LAND SDN BHD

KEN DAMANSARA LAND SDN BHD

Investment Holding

Investment Holding

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

KEN[™]HOLDINGS BERHAD

Investment Holding

100% **KEN GROUTING SDN BHD KEN-CHEC SDN BHD** Specialist Engineering Services, Turnkey Land Reclamation Dredging, Civil and Marine Engineering Contract, Building and Civil Engineering Works 100% 79.4% SUPPORT CAPITAL SDN BHD **KENLY (HK) LTD** Investment Holding Dormant 100% ------100% **KEN PROJECTS SDN BHD KEN RIMBA SDN BHD GENESIS NATURE SDN BHD** Investment Holding Investment Holding and **Property Management Services** Property Development KHIDMAT TULIN SDN BHD SWIFT FRONTIERS SDN BHD Property Development **Property Management Services** T.B.S. MANAGEMENT SDN BHD Property Management Services **KEN LINK SDN BHD** KEN PROPERTY SDN BHD Property Holding, Investment and Property Holding and Investment Property Development 100% ------ 100% **KEN TTDI SDN BHD JEWEL ESTATE SDN BHD** Investment Holding **Property Management Services KEN CAPITAL SDN BHD** Dormant SPHERE SUPREME SDN BHD WEALTHY DISCOVERY SDN BHD Investment Holding Property Holding and Investment 100% **KENERGY SDN BHD** Research and Development 100% **KEN JBCC SDN BHD** Property Development 100% **KEN CITY SDN BHD KEN CITY JB SDN BHD** Investment Holding Investment Holding **KEN JBCC HOLDINGS SDN BHD** KEN JBCC LAND SDN BHD Investment Holding Investment Holding 100% 100% **KEN ESTATE SDN BHD KEN ESTATE PENANG SDN BHD** KEN ESTATE (MELAKA) SDN BHD Investment Holding Investment Holding Investment Holding

KEN PAHANG LAND SDN BHD

KEN KELANTAN LAND SDN BHD

Investment Holding

Investment Holding

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company

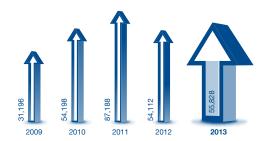
Investment holding and provision of management services.

The Subsidiairy Companies

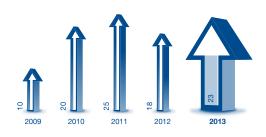
Include property holding, investment and development, specialist enginering services, geo-technical, civil engineering and building works, land reclamation and marine engineering, project and property management.

FIVE YEARS GROUP FINANCIAL STATISTICS	2009 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000
				Restated	
Revenue	31,196	54,198	87,188	54,112	55,828
Profit before taxation	11,914	24,073	31,350	22,813	28,257
Profit after taxation	9,866	19,020	23,234	16,477	20,895
Profit attributable to shareholders	9,866	19,020	23,234	16,482	20,895
Shareholders' fund	119,121	136,477	154,523	166,823	183,563
Issued share capital	95,860	95,860	95,860	95,860	95,860
Total assets	152,788	176,312	198,242	278,412	279,476
Net asset	119,121	136,477	154,523	166,823	183,563
Net earnings per share (sen)	10	20	25	18	23
Net assets per share (sen)	126	146	169	186	205

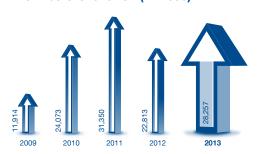
Revenue (RM'000)



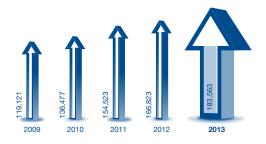
Net earnings per share (sen)



Profit before taxation (RM'000)



Net asset (RM'000)



The Board of Directors ("Board") is committed in ensuring that the highest standards of corporate governance are maintained throughout the Group so that the affairs of the Group are conducted with integrity and professionalism with the objective of safeguarding shareholders' investment and ultimately enhancing long term shareholder value.

The following paragraphs describe how the Group has applied the principles and recommendations on corporate governance and the extent to which it has complied with the recommendations set out in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 ("Code").

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Responsibilities

The Board has overall responsibilities for the corporate governance practices of the Group. It guides and monitors the affairs of the Group on behalf of the shareholders and retains full and effective control over the Group. The key responsibilities include a review of overall strategic direction and objective for the Group and overseeing the business operations of the Group, evaluating whether they are properly managed.

The Group practices a division of responsibility between the Executive and Non-Executive Directors. The Executive Directors are responsible for the overall management of the Group, ensuring that strategies, policies and matters set by the Board are effectively implemented. The Non-Executive Directors fulfill a pivotal role in corporate governance accountability, providing unbiased and independent views, advice and evaluation of the strategies proposed by the executive members of the Board ensuring that the long term interests of all stakeholders, namely the company shareholders, employees, customers, business associates and the community as a whole, are always protected.

The Board is cognisant of the need to have a reference point through a Board Charter as recommended by the Code. Accordingly, subsequent to the financial year ended ("FYE") 31 December 2013, the Board has formalised and adopted the Board Charter to guide Directors in relation to the Board's fiduciary duties and responsibilities, various regulations and best practices governing their conduct and the need for safeguarding the interests of shareholders and stakeholders. The Board will periodically review and update the Board Charter in accordance with the needs of the Company and any new regulations that may have an impact on the discharge of the Board's responsibilities.

Composition of the Board

On 31 December 2013, YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud ceased to be an Independent Non-Executive Director due to vacation of his office arising from his non-compliance for attendance of board meetings during the financial year pursuant to Paragraph 15.05(3)(c) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") ("Listing Requirements").

Currently, the Board comprise four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors and four (4) Executive Directors, which is in compliance with Paragraph 15.02 of the Listing Requirements which requires one third of the Board members to comprise independent members. Each of these four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors has provided an annual confirmation of their independence to the Nomination Committee and the Board.

The Board is well represented by individuals with diverse professional backgrounds and experiences in the areas of engineering, finance, accounting, law and property development.

Under Recommendation 3.5 of the Code, it is recommended that if the Chairman of the Board is not an Independent Director, a majority of the Board should comprise of Independent Directors. Though the present number of four (4) Independent Directors are below the majority number of the Board members suggested by the Code, this number of Independent Directors is more than the minimum of Bursa Securities' requirement of minimum two (2) or one third of the board members must be Independent Directors. Nevertheless, the Board has noted this recommendation and will continuously evaluate suitable candidates to be appointed as Independent Directors in order to fulfil the said recommendation in the coming years.

The Board also noted one of the recommendations of the Code which states that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. However, the Nomination Committee and the Board have determined at the annual assessment carried out that YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar who has served on the Board for eleven (11) years remains objective and independent in participating in deliberations and decision making of the Board and Board Committees. He has demonstrated independence in expressing his views and carrying out his roles as member of the Board, Audit and Remuneration Committees, and Chairman of the Nomination Committee. The Board has recommended retaining him as an Independent Director and shall seek shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") in accordance with the recommendation of the Code.

The Board members' qualifications, skills and experiences is set out under the profile of the Board as presented on pages 9 to 10 of this Annual Report.

Board Meetings

Board meetings are held at quarterly intervals with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions need to be taken between the scheduled meetings. During the FYE 31 December 2013, the Board met on six (6) occasions, where it deliberated on a variety of matters including the Group's results, major investments and strategic decisions and direction of the Group.

The Board delegates specific responsibilities to the Board Committees so as to enhance business operational efficiency as well as efficacy. All of these committees have written constitutions and terms of reference, and they have the authority to examine particular issues and report back to the Board with their recommendations. The Board receives reports of their proceedings and deliberations.

Board meetings for the whole year are scheduled ahead at the end of each financial year to allow the Directors to plan their schedule ahead to enable them to attend the board meetings which have been scheduled for the following year.

Record of each Director's meeting attendance for the FYE 31 December 2013 is contained in the table below:

Director	Board	Audit Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee
Dato' Tan Boon Kang	(6/6)^			(1/1)^
Mr. Tan Chek Siong	(6/6)^			
Mr. Tan Moon Hwa	(6/6)^			
Mr. Tang Kam Chee	(6/6)^			
YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud (vacated office w.e.f. 31 December 2013)	(1/6)^	(1/5)^	(1/1)^	
YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar	(6/6)^	(5/5)^	(1/1)^	(1/1)^
YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail	(5/6)^	(4/5)^		
Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad	(5/6)^			
Sha Thiam Lu	(6/6)^	(5/5)^	(1/1)^	(1/1)^

Note: ^ denotes membership and () indicate meetings attended out of the total scheduled since the beginning of the financial year.

Supply of Information

The Chairman ensures that all Directors have full and timely access to information with Board papers distributed in advance of the meetings. Every Director has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and senior management. The Board of Directors, whether as a full Board or in their individual capacity, in the furtherance of their duties, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

All scheduled meetings held during the year were preceded with a formal agenda issued by the Company Secretary and prior to the meeting of the Board and the Board Committees, Board papers which include reports relevant to the issues of the meeting were circulated in a timely manner to all Directors. These Board papers are issued prior to the meeting to allow sufficient time for the Directors to review and obtain further explanations, where necessary in order to be properly briefed before the meeting.

The Directors are regularly updated by the Company Secretary on new statutory as well as regulatory requirements relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities or the discharge of their duties as Directors of the Company. The Company Secretary attends all board meetings and ensures that accurate and adequate records of the proceedings of board meetings and decisions made are properly kept.

Directors' Training

The Board acknowledges the importance for continuous training to keep abreast of the latest regulatory requirements and developments in the related industry. All Directors have completed the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") and the Continuing Education Programme prescribed by Bursa Securities. The Directors will continue to undergo other relevant training programmes on a continuous basis in compliance with Paragraph 15.08 of the Listing Requirements to further enhance their skills and knowledge. In April 2013, Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad and Mr. Sha Thiam Lu have attended and completed the MAP within the required time frame pursuant to Paragraph 15.08 of the Listing Requirements.

During the FYE 31 December 2013, the Directors have individually or collectively attended the following training programmes:

- (a) Managing Risk Management Challenges to Deliver Sustainable Performances conducted by an external training provider; and
- (b) Risk Management & Internal Control: Workshops for Audit Committee by Bursa Securities.

Updates on companies and securities legislations, and other relevant rules and regulations such as amendments to the Companies Act, 1965, Listing Requirements and the Code was provided to the Board together with Board papers, to acquaint them with the latest developments in these areas.

Board Committees

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Board Committees which operate within clearly defined terms of reference. The main Committees of the Board include the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

(a) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing issues of accounting policy and presentation for external financial reporting, monitoring the work of the internal audit function, reviewing the independence of the Group's external auditors and ensuring that an objective and professional relationship is maintained with the external auditors, who in turn, have access at all times to the Chairman of the Committee.

On 31 December 2013, YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud ceased to be a member of the Audit Committee due to vacation of his office as a director for the reason as stated earlier.

The Board has established an Audit Committee consisting of the following Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent directors:

(a) YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar (Chairman);

- (b) YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail; and
- (c) Mr. Sha Thiam Lu.

A summary of the activities of the Committee during the financial year is set out in the Audit Committee report on pages 28 to 31 of this Annual Report.

(b) Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee has the responsibility for proposing and recommending new nominees to the Board and for assessing Directors on an on-going basis. The Nomination Committee also assesses the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the contribution of each individual Director and Board Committee members.

On 31 December 2013, YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud ceased to be a member of the Nomination Committee due to vacation of his office as a director for the reason as stated earlier.

On 3 January 2014, Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee to replace YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud.

The Board has established a Nomination Committee consisting of the following Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent directors:

- (a) YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar (Chairman);
- (b) Mr. Sha Thiam Lu; and
- (c) Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad.

(i) Recruitment or New Appointment of Directors

The Nomination Committee, in making a recommendation to the Board on the candidate for recruitment or new Board appointment, shall have regard to the candidates' skills, knowledge, expertise and experience, professionalism, integrity and in the case of candidates for the position of independent non-executive directors, the independence criteria as set out in Paragraph 1.01 of the Listing Requirements as well as the necessary skill and experience to bring an independent and objective judgment on issues considered by the Board and the ability to discharge such responsibilities as expected from independent non-executive directors.

The final decision as to who shall be appointed as Director remains the responsibility of the full Board after considering the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

(ii) Gender Diversity Policy

The Board has no immediate plans to implement a gender diversity policy. In its selection for Board appointment, the Board believes in and provides equal opportunity to candidates who have the skills, experience, core competencies and other qualities regardless of gender.

(iii) Re-election and Re-appointment of Directors

Directors re-election provides an opportunity for shareholders to renew their mandate conferred to the Directors. In this respect, the Articles of Association of the Company provides that all Directors shall retire by rotation once in every three (3) years or at least one-third (1/3) of the Board shall retire from office and be eligible to offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

Any Director appointed during the year is required under the Company's Articles to retire and seek reelection by shareholders at the following AGM immediately after his appointment. In addition, Directors over seventy years of age are required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually in accordance with Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965.

Information of each Director standing for re-election covering their personal profile, meeting attendance, directorships in other public companies and shareholdings in the Group is furnished in the Annual Report.

(iv) Annual Assessment

During the financial year, the Nomination Committee had one (1) meeting and this meeting was attended by all members. In this meeting which was held in 28 February 2013, the Nomination Committee conducted its annual appraisal on the effectiveness of the Board, its Committees and the contribution of each Director. The annual appraisal was conducted via questionnaires.

The Board's effectiveness is assessed in the areas of composition, board strategy, board meetings, corporate and financial reporting, risk management and investor relations. The review criteria for assessing the Directors' performance is largely focus on their meeting attendance, competencies, experience, knowledge and commitment, contribution to interaction – constructive expression of views and issues, quality of input and understanding of role as Director.

The Nomination Committee, upon the review being carried out, is satisfied that the size of the Board is optimum and that there is an appropriate mix of experience and expertise in the composition of the Board and its Committees.

(c) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is entrusted with the role of determining and recommending to the Board the remuneration framework for Directors as well as remuneration packages of Executive Directors in all its form drawing for outside advice if necessary. None of the Executive Directors participated in any way in determining their remuneration. The Board as a whole determines the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors with individual directors abstaining from decisions in respect of their individual remuneration.

The members of the Remuneration Committee consist of the following Non-Executive Directors, the majority of whom are independent directors:

- (a) Mr. Sha Thiam Lu (Chairman);
- (b) Dato' Tan Boon Kang; and
- (c) YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar.

The policy practiced on Directors' remuneration by the Remuneration Committee is to provide the remuneration necessary to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to manage the business of the Company and to align their interest with those of the shareholders.

The remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors consist of fees and allowances for their services in connection with the Board and Board Committee meetings. They do not have contracts and do not participate in any share option scheme of the Group. Fees payable to the Directors are subject to yearly approval by shareholders at the Company's AGM.

(d) Directors Remuneration

An analysis of the aggregate Directors' remuneration of the Company for the FYE 31 December 2013 categorised in appropriate components is set out below:

	Fee RM'000	Benefits-in- kind RM'000	Salaries and other emoluments RM'000	Bonus RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive	80	60	1,895	733	2,768
Non-Executive	100	-	58	-	158
	180	60	1,953	733	2,926

An analysis of the number of Directors whose remuneration, paid by the Group, falls in successive bands of RM50,000 is set out below:

Range of Remuneration	Executive	Non-Executive	
Below RM50,000	-	5	
RM200,001 - RM250,000	1	-	
RM400,001 - RM450,000	1	-	
RM450,001 - RM500,000	1	-	
RM1,600,001 - RM1,650,000	1	-	
	4	5	

SHAREHOLDERS

Investors Relations and Shareholder Communications

The Board recognises the importance of an effective communication channel between the Board, shareholders and the investment community. The Annual Report, press releases and quarterly results are the primary mode of disseminating information on the Group's business activities and provide regular updates on the Group's financial performance and operations. In addition, other corporate information is available to all shareholders in the Annual Report. The policy of the Board is to promote effective communication and proactive engagement with its shareholders with the intention of giving shareholders a clear and complete picture of the Group's performance and position as possible.

The AGM represents the principal forum for dialogue and interaction with shareholders where shareholders are informed of current developments. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in the discussion and to give their views to the Board. Where it is not possible to provide immediate answers, the Chairman will undertake to furnish the shareholder(s) with a written answer after the AGM. Additionally, a press conference is held immediately after the AGM to brief members of the media on key events of the Group and areas of interest. The Group Executive Chairman, Group Managing Director and Executive Directors are also present at the press conference to explain any issues.

The Board has also appointed YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar as the Senior Independent Director to whom shareholders can convey their views and concerns by e-mail at rajaaz@kenholdings.com.my.

Bursa Securities also provides the Company to electronically publish all its announcements, including full versions of its quarterly result announcement, circulars and Annual Report at Bursa Securities' website at www.bursamalaysia. com/market. The Company also maintains its corporate website that allows all shareholders and investors access to information about the Group at www.kenholdings.com.my. The Group's corporate website is updated regularly to provide the latest information about the Group, including announcements and quarterly results of the Group.

Whilst the Company endeavours to provide as much information as possible to its shareholders, it must also be wary of the legal regulatory framework governing the release of material and price-sensitive information. As such, corporate disclosure will take into account the prevailing legislative restrictions and requirements as well as the investors' needs for timely release of price-sensitive information, such as financial performance results and statements, material acquisitions, significant corporate proposals as well as other significant corporate events.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Board aims to provide and present a balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's annual audited financial statements, quarterly announcement of results to shareholders as well as the Chairman's statement and review of operations in the Annual Report.

The Board is assisted by the Audit Committee to oversee the Group's financial reporting processes to ensure accuracy, adequacy of all relevant information for disclosure and that necessary steps have been taken to ensure that the Group had used all the applicable accounting policies consistently, and that the policies are supported by reasonable prudent judgements and estimates. The Board has taken due care and reasonable steps to ensure that the requirements of accounting standards and relevant regulations were fully met.

Relationship with Auditors

The Board through the Audit Committee has established formal and transparent relationship with the external auditors which have been maintained on a professional basis. Key features underlying the relationship of the Audit Committee with the external auditors are included in the Audit Committee's term of reference as detailed on pages 28 to 31 of this Annual Report.

A summary of the activities of the Audit Committee during the year are set out in the Audit Committee Report on pages 28 to 31 of this Annual Report.

The details of audit fee and non-audit fee payable to the external auditors are set out below:

	2013 RM'000
Audit fee payable	127
Non-audit fee payable	10
Total	137

Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control furnished on pages 26 to 27 of this Annual Report provides an overview on the state of risk management and internal control within the Group.

Whistle Blowing Policy

In its effort to enhance corporate governance, subsequent to the FYE 31 December 2013, the Group has put in place a Whistle Blowing Policy, designed to create a positive environment in which employees and stakeholders can raise genuine concerns without fear of recrimination and to enable prompt corrective actions and measures to be taken where appropriate and necessary.

Sustainability

The Board recognises the importance of sustainability and has taken steps in implementing sustainability practices in the Group's activities and exploring its benefits to the business whilst attempting to achieve the right balance between the needs of the community, shareholders, stakeholders and economic success. A detailed report on the Group's sustainability activities is set out in the Sustainability Report on pages 33 to 48 of this Annual Report.

Directors' responsibility statement in respect of the preparation of the audited financial statements

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the financial statements of the Group give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the accounting period and of the profit and loss and cash flows for the period ended. In preparing the financial statements, the Board made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and also ensures that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965.

Compliance Statement

The Company has, in all material aspects, complied with the recommendations of the Code throughout the financial year save for the following:

- (a) the Board must comprise a majority of independent directors where the chairman of the Board is not an independent director; and
- (b) the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine years.

The Board has recommended retaining an independent director whose tenure has exceeded nine years and shall seek shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM.

This statement was made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 12 March 2014.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board of Directors ("Board") believes that the practice of good corporate governance is an important continuous process in accordance with Paragraph 15.26(b) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Board is responsible for the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system. The Board continues to review the system to ensure that the risk management and internal control system provides a reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information and records or against financial losses or fraud. The process is regularly reviewed by the Board and is guided by the *Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers* ("Guidelines").

The Board has established a risk management framework which consists of a formalised risk management policy and procedure for a systematic and consistent approach to evaluate and improve the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management process. The key elements of the risk management framework are as follows:

- (a) a documented risk management policy and procedure with defined risk strategy and risk management policy on risk assessment, risk communication and risk monitoring;
- (b) defined parameters for risk rating; and
- (c) a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") chaired by the Managing Director of the Company with the main functions of recommending appropriate risk management policy to the Board, maintaining overall risk management oversights and to review the risk profile of the Group on an ongoing basis.

The Board has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control system of the Group.

The Board is of the view that the risk management and internal control system in place for the year under review and up to the date of issuance of the financial statements is adequate and effective to safeguard investment, the interest of customers, regulators, employees, and the Group's assets.

Key risk management and internal control processes

The key processes that have been established in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system include:

- (a) The RMC conducts an annual risk assessment exercise in the identification and evaluation of the significant risk affecting the Company and one of its significant subsidiary, KEN Grouting Sdn Bhd ("KGSB"). During the year, four significant risks and three new risk areas were selected for review and a general review was performed on the other risk areas. The risk profile of the Company and KGSB together with the Risk Register were updated and presented in the RMC meeting.
 - The risk assessment performed in 2013 was subsequently reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board respectively in March 2014.
- (b) The internal audit function reports its findings to the Audit Committee of the Company. The Audit Committee examines the Group's system of internal control through reviews of reports on risk assessment exercises performed by the RMC and reports from the internal audit function.
 - During the year, the internal audit function was outsourced to an appointed independent consultant which undertook internal audit reviews on selected risk areas of the Company and KGSB and its findings were presented to the Audit Committee and the Board in August 2013 and February 2014.
- (c) The key elements adopted to monitor and review the effectiveness of the system of internal control were:
 - (i) The organisational structure of the Company and its subsidiaries has defined lines of accountability and authority for all aspects of the business;
 - (ii) Management/project committee meetings and departmental meetings were held monthly to identify, discuss and resolve operational, financial and key management issues;

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

- (iii) Budget was prepared for each subsidiary and reviewed by the Managing Director;
- (iv) Management reports were prepared monthly and monitored against budget on a quarterly basis;
- Board Committees comprising Audit Committee, Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee, (v) Management/Project Committee and Risk Management Committee with defined terms of reference and functions have been established:
- Standard Operating Procedures were documented in Standard Operating Procedure Manuals and (vi) covered:
 - Finance and administration processes;
 - Sales administration and marketing processes;
 - Human resources processes;
 - Property management processes; and
 - Purchasing processes.
- (vii) Internal quality audits were conducted on KEN Rimba Sdn Bhd ("KRSB"), KEN TTDI Sdn Bhd ("KEN TTDI") and KGSB during the year to monitor compliance with ISO 9001:2008 as well as identify and monitor operational issues;
- (viii) KGSB, KRSB and KEN TTDI have been certified by a certification body for compliance with ISO 9001:2008:
- the Audit Committee reviewed the quarterly results before approval by the Board for public release. The Audit Committee also reviewed the audit findings of the external auditors, the annual financial statements and Annual Report of the Group. The minutes of the Audit Committee were tabled to the Board on a periodic basis. Further details of the activities of the Audit Committee were set out in the Audit Committee report:
- The Group's internal audit function has the responsibility to assure the Board, via the Audit Committee that internal control systems were fully implemented through its audit reviews on selected risk areas during the year and submitted its findings to the Audit Committee; and
- Appointment of suitable employees with the required qualification and experience to fulfill their responsibilities and to provide education, training and development to enhance employees' skills and to reinforce such qualities.

There is no material joint venture or associates that have not been dealt with as part of the Group for the purposes of this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

The Board remains committed towards operating a sound system of risk management and internal control and therefore recognises that the system must continuously evolve to support the growth and dynamics of the Group. As such the Board, in striving for continuous improvement, will put in place appropriate action plans, where necessary, to further enhance the Group's system of internal control.

Review of the Statement by External Auditors

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scope set out in Recommended Practice Guide ("RPG") 5 (Revised), Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the Annual Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013, and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that cause them to believe that the statement is intended to be included in the annual report of the Group, in all material respects:

- has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement (a) on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, or
- (b) is factually inaccurate.

RPG5 does not require the auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Directors and management thereon. The auditors are also not required to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant problems disclosed in the annual report in fact, remedy the problems.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 12 March 2014.

ESTABLISHMENT AND COMPOSITION

The Audit Committee of KEN Holdings Berhad was established on 19 March 1996. For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Committee comprise the following directors:

Chairman: YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin (Independent Non-Executive Director)

bin Raja Haji Omar

Members: YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Syed Putra Jamalullail

Sha Thiam Lu (MIA member) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni (Independ

Almarhum Sultan Mahmud

(vacated office w.e.f. 31 December 2013)

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

On 31 December 2013, YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud ceased to be a member of the Audit Committee due to vacation of his office as a Director due to non-compliance on attendance of board meetings during the financial year under review pursuant to Paragraph 15.05(3)(c) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") ("Listing Requirements").

SUMMARY OF THE TERMS OF REFERENCE

(1) MEMBERSHIP

- (a) The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the directors of the Company and shall be composed exclusively of Non-Executive Directors of no fewer than three (3) members, of whom the majority shall be independent.
- (b) The Committee shall include at least one (1) person who is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants or alternatively a person who must have at least 3 years' working experience and have passed the examinations specified in Part 1 of the 1st Schedule of the Accountants Act 1967 or is a member of one of the associations of accountants specified in Part II of the said Schedule or alternatively a person who has fulfill such other requirements as prescribed or approved by Bursa Securities.
- (c) No alternate director shall be appointed as a member of the Committee.
- (d) The members of the Committee shall elect from among their number a chairman who is non-executive and independent, as defined above.
- (e) If one or more members of the Committee resign, die or for any other reason cease to be a member with the result that the Listing Requirements are breached, the Board shall, within three (3) months of the event, appoint such number of new members as may be required to correct the breach.
- (f) The Board shall review the term of office of Committee members no less than once every three (3) years.

(2) AUTHORITY

The Committee is authorised by the Board, in accordance with the procedures to be determined by the Board (if any) and at the cost of the Company, to:

- (a) investigate any activity within the Committee's terms of reference;
- (b) have resources which are reasonably required to enable it to perform its duties;

- (c) have full and unrestricted access to any information pertaining to the Company or its subsidiaries;
- (d) have direct communication channels with the external auditors and person(s) carrying out the internal audit function or activity;
- (e) obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice and secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise if it considers this necessary; and
- (f) convene meetings with the external auditors, internal auditors or both, excluding the attendance of the other directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

(3) FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- (3.1) The functions of the Committee shall be, amongst others, to review the following and report the same to the Board:
 - (a) with the external auditors, the scope of the audit and the audit plan;
 - (b) with the external auditors, their evaluation of the system of internal controls;
 - (c) with the external auditors, their management letter and the management's response;
 - (d) with the external auditors, their audit report;
 - (e) the assistance given by the employees to the external auditors;
 - (f) the nomination or re-appointment of the external auditors and their audit fees as well as matters pertaining to resignation or change of the external auditors;
 - (g) the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit function and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
 - (h) the internal audit programme, processes, the results of the internal audit programme, processes or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
 - (i) the quarterly results and year end financial statements, prior to the approval by the Board of Directors, focusing particularly on:
 - (i) any changes in or implementation of major accounting policy changes;
 - (ii) significant adjustments arising from the audit;
 - (iii) significant and unusual events;
 - (iv) the going concern assumption; and
 - (v) compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements;
 - (j) any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity; and
 - (k) any other matters as directed by the Board.

- (3.2) The Committee shall establish an internal audit function which is independent of the activities it audits.
- (3.3) The Committee shall oversee all internal audit functions and is authorised to commission investigations to be conducted by internal audit as it deems fit.
- (3.4) The internal auditor shall report directly to the Committee and shall have direct access to the Chairman of the Committee.
- (3.5) All proposals by management regarding the appointment, transfer or dismissal of the internal auditor shall require the prior approval of the Committee.
- (3.6) The Committee shall prepare an annual report to the Board that provides a summary of the activities of the Committee and the internal audit function or activity for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report.
- (3.7) The Committee may report any breaches of the Listing Requirements, which have not been satisfactorily resolved, to the Bursa Securities.

(4) QUORUM, ATTENDANCE AND FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

- (a) The quorum shall be formed only if there is a majority of members present at the meeting who are independent directors.
- (b) The Finance Director, the representative of the Internal Auditor and a representative of the external auditors shall normally attend meetings. Other Board members and employees may attend any particular meeting upon the invitation of the Audit Committee, specific to the relevant meeting. However, at least twice (2) a year the Committee shall meet with the external auditors without executive Board members present.
- (c) The Chairman shall call for meetings, to be held not less than four (4) times a year. The external auditors may request a meeting if they consider one necessary.

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Audit Committee met five (5) times during the financial year ended 31 December 2013. The details of Audit Committee's meetings held and attended by the Committee during the financial year are as follows:

Name of Members	No. of Audit Committee Meetings Attended/Held
Chairman: YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar (Independent Non-Executive Director)	5/5
Members: YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail (Independent Non-Executive Director)	4/5
Sha Thiam Lu (Independent Non-Executive Director)	5/5
YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud (vacated office w.e.f. 31 December 2013) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/5

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED **DECEMBER 2013**

The Audit Committee carried out its duties in accordance with its Terms of Reference. During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the activities of the Audit Committee included the following:

- Reviewed the unaudited quarterly financial results and announcements of the Company and the Group prior (a) to submission to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval;
- (b) Reviewed the year end financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2012;
- Reviewed the external auditors' reports for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 in relation to audit and (c) accounting issues arising from the audit and the management's response;
- Reviewed the assistance given by the employees to the external auditors in respect of the audit for the (d) financial year ended 31 December 2012;
- Considered the audit fee payable and the nomination of the external auditors for recommendation to the (e) Board for re-appointment;
- Reviewed the Audit Committee Report, Statement on Corporate Governance and Statement on Risk (f) Management and Internal Control for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 and recommended its adoption to the Board;
- Reviewed the external auditors' audit plan and scope of audit for the financial year ended 31 December 2013; (g)
- (h) Met with the external auditors twice (2) during the financial year ended 31 December 2013 without the presence of any executive Board members;
- Reviewed the Risk Management Assessment Report of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries; (i)
- Reviewed Internal Audit Plan for 2013 of the Company, the scope and focus of the internal audit programmes; (i)
- Reviewed internal audit reports of the Company and its operating subsidiaries prepared by the internal auditor, (k) the audit recommendations made and management's response to the recommendations.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group outsourced its internal audit function to an internal audit consulting company and the selected team is independent of the activities audited by them and the external auditors.

The internal audit function is to ensure a regular review of the adequacy and integrity of the Group's internal control systems so as to provide reasonable assurance that such systems continue to operate satisfactorily and effectively in the Group. The Internal Auditor undertakes internal audit function based on the audit plan that is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee.

During the financial year, the Internal Auditors conducted the internal control reviews on the operating functions and procedures and recommended action plans for improvement by management. The final audit reports containing audit findings and recommendations together with management's responses thereto were circulated to all members of the Audit Committee. Areas of improvement identified were communicated to the management for further action. All internal audit reports were reviewed by the Audit Committee and discussed at Audit Committee Meetings. Follow-up reviews would subsequently be performed to ascertain the extent of implementation of the recommended corrective action for improvements.

The cost incurred for the internal audit function in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2013 was RM27,000.

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

No proceeds were raised by the Company from any corporate proposal during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

SHARE BUY-BACK

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Company bought back a total of 102,000 of its ordinary shares of RM1.00 each ("KEN Shares") which are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") in the open market. The details of the KEN Shares bought back during the financial year are as follows:

	No. of KEN all and	Purchase price per share (RM)			Average price	Total
Month	No. of KEN shares purchased	Lowest	Highest	Average	per share (RM)	consideration (RM)
March 2013	100,000	1.21	1.26	1.24	1.26	125,859.56
October 2013	2,000	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.53	3,064.91

All the KEN Shares bought back during the financial year are held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A(3A)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965. As at 31 December 2013, a total of 6,185,700 KEN Shares were held at treasury shares. None of the treasury shares held were resold or cancelled during the financial year.

OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

The Company did not issue any options, warrants or convertible securities during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

AMERICAN DEPOSITORY RECEIPT ("ADR") OR GLOBAL DEPOSITORY RECEIPT ("GDR") PROGRAMME

During the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Company did not sponsor any ADR or GDR programme.

IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS/PENALTIES

There was no sanctions or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries, Directors or management by the regulatory bodies during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

NON-AUDIT FEES

The total amount of non-audit fees payable to external auditors by the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to RM10,000.

VARIATION IN RESULTS

There was no material variance between the audited results for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 and the unaudited results previously announced.

PROFIT GUARANTEE

The Company did not issue any profit guarantee during the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There were no material contracts (not being contract entered into in the ordinary course of business) entered into by the Company and its subsidiary companies which involve Directors' and major shareholders' interests, either still subsisting at the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2013 or, entered into since the end of previous financial year except as disclosed in Note 26 to the Financial Statements.





SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

SETTING THE STANDARD

KEN Holdings Berhad ("KEN") is the pioneer and leader of green development in Malaysia. It takes upon itself to advocate sustainability as a way of life to the community at large through in-house policies and practices as well as corporate responsibility activities for the less privileged.

By pioneering new initiatives in sustainability, KEN continues to forge the way forward and set new benchmarks for the industry in the Malaysian scene.

CORE VALUES

The driving force for the company's commitment to sustainable development is based on two of its corporate core values.

'Mottainai'

Mottainai is the Japanese word for 'too precious to waste'. Being Malaysia's first multiple award-winning green developer, KEN strives to fulfil its mission of embracing environmentally sustainable practices. Our green commitment is applied across our entire operations - from design, construction, procurement, maintenance and community engagement.

We are innovators and we create value

By being innovative in creating green features and implementing them on our developments, we create value for green developments which are affordable.

AWARDS AT A GLANCE



KEN Bangsar

- Singapore BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award 2009
- The EDGE-PAM Green Excellence Award 2010
- GBI Gold Award 2010
- FUTURARC Green Leadership Citation Award 2011
- PAM Silver Award for Excellence in Architecture 2011
- FIABCI Malaysia Property Award 2011 (Sustainable Development Category)

KEN Rimba Township KEN Rimba Legian Residences

- Singapore BCA Green Mark Gold Award 2010
- GBI Certified Award 2010

KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences

Singapore BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional) 2012

KEN Rimba Commercial Centre

Singapore BCA Green Mark Certified Award 2010

KEN Rimba Condominium 1

Singapore BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional) 2013

KEN Rimba Condominium 2

Singapore BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) 2013

KEN TTDI

- USGBC LEED Platinum Award (Pre-Certification) 2013
- Singapore BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) 2013



ENVIRONMENT

CARBON NEUTRAL STATUS

KEN has been consecutively successful in maintaining a carbon neutral status from 2010 to 2012. This is no mean feat, as it requires a great amount of commitment and investment to attain.







Basically being carbon neutral refers to a state where the carbon dioxide produced by the organisation is balanced by the amount of carbon dioxide offset by that organisation. To achieve carbon neutrality, four main avenues need to be addressed:

- 1. Carbon offset programs
- 2. The usage of low-energy vehicles or their elimination of them by the use of bicycles, walking or mass transit
- 3. Minimising carbon dioxide emissions from buildings, factories, etc.
- 4. Focusing on the usage of renewable energy sources such as solar panels, or switching to biofuels

The carbon emissions generated for the year is calculated after the end of the financial year. Then, carbon credits are calculated for the second to fourth avenues and carbon offset projects are identified for purchase so as to fulfil carbon neutral status.

Carbon Offset Programs

Carbon offset projects invested by KEN in 2013 were the Clean Drinking Water Through LifeStraw Project in Kenya and Quality Waste Water Management in Thailand.

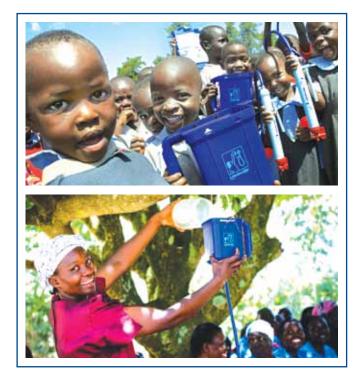
Previous projects invested by KEN include the Ghana charcoal stove project, a Wind Turbine project in Ningxia, China, a Hydro Power Generation project in China and rainforest rehabilitation project in Borneo, Malaysia (INFAPRO).

Clean Drinking Water Through LifeStraw, Kenya

Due to the constant drought in Kenya, consumption of polluted water is an acute problem. Scarcity of drinking water results in about 15% of Kenyans suffering from health problems. In this project, the LifeStraw Family System was distributed to 19 districts of the western Province in Kenya. Over 4 million Kenyans were given the chance to purify their water quickly and safely.

The system can effectively eliminate dirt particles and waterborne pathogens and thus, prevent waterborne illnesses. A microbial filter used in the system allows water to be purified without having to be boiled using electricity or any form of fuel.

This indirectly helps to decrease the carbon dioxide emissions in excess of 2 million tons per year. With one single LifeStraw Family System, 18,000 litres of water can be filtered and this system has a lifespan of three years.



This project is dedicated to United Nations' Millennium Development Goals

- It increased the employment rate by hiring about 4500 employees for project coordination, storage and distribution and another 4000 employees for transportation services.
- By using this system, the time and costs used to search for drinkable water can be reduced. The time saved can be used to do beneficial activities for education, agriculture or for the economy. Incidents of illnesses particularly among children also decreased due to better water quality, hence the school attendance rate increased.
- It is proven that water purification using this system is 99.99% effective in decreasing protozoa, bacteria and viruses, fulfilling the U.S. EPA guidelines for microbiological water quality.
- This project does not require firewood to boil water. Therefore, it decreased the need for the locals to chop
 trees for firewood, reducing the rate of deforestation and desertification. As a result, the project managed to
 slow down soil erosion, destruction of natural habitats and loss of biodiversity.

Siam Quality Starch Wastewater Treatment and Energy Generation Project, Thailand

KEN invested in this Project to reduce the negative environmental impacts of a starch plant which produces Native and Modified Starch abstracted and refined from tapioca root in the Chaiyaphum Province in Thailand.

About 200,000 tonnes of starch was produced each year, producing a large amount of high organic wastewater effluent which collected in open lagoons. As a result, a huge amount of methane gas gets released directly into the atmosphere.

Methane is a potent greenhouse gas, but is also the main component of natural gas and thereby a high quality fuel for the generation of energy. By utilising this potential, the plant has turned a source of climate damaging emissions into an integrated source of clean, renewable, free and locally available energy.

The project activity includes the installation and operation of an anaerobic digestion and methane recovery system for the treatment of wastewater coupled with an energy generation system. The captured methane will be destructed in boilers generating 17.068 MWth for the production of hot thermal oil, which will be used in heating air in process dryers. In that way, the proposed project has a double emissions reduction effect.

Firstly, it contributes to the avoidance of methane by capturing it from its emission in nearby lagoons. Secondly, it displaces bunker oil that would have been used to produce the required hot thermal oil.

In addition to reducing greenhouse gas emissions, this project also contributes further to promoting local sustainable development by:

- Improving local air and water quality especially by avoiding overflows during periods of heavy precipitation
- Reducing the unpleasant odour from the existing open lagoons
- Improving the economic position of the plant owners, providing a showcase for other plant owners and other industries
- Conserving energy resources and reducing dependence on fuel imports

Use of Fuel Efficient Vehicles

The KEN Green Allowance, a vehicle interest subsidy scheme which was introduced in June 2013, provides an incentive for KEN staff to buy hybrid cars and live greener. The usage of these fuel efficient vehicle helps to reduce carbon dioxide emissions created by commuting staff. The scheme offers interest subsidy for the repayment of hybrid car loans.

The Group Managing Director took the lead followed by board members and several staff. KEN has started introducing hybrid cars into its company fleet. At present, there are a total of 5 hybrid company cars. Even the Group Executive Chairman now drives a hybrid car, as a leading example to staff, family and friends.

Bicycles were promoted as a green mode of transport at the site of KEN Rimba Township. Staff at KEN Rimba was provided bicycles for their site visits or travel within the Township.

Other Green Initiatives

An energy saving contest was held at the company to promote energy saving, increase environmental awareness and reduce carbon footprint of the company. The energy saving measures taken:

- All T8 light bulbs replaced with energy efficient T5 light bulbs
- All lights were turned off when the offices were not in use
- Sharing of green strategies and practices among KEN's staff
- Computer equipment were set to sleeping mode or switched off when not in use.
- Air-conditioning units were always turned to the highest comfortable temperature in order to reduce unnecessary energy expenditure. Units in unused areas of the office were switched off.
- The dark fumes produced by faulty machineries were decreased by scheduling maintenance and servicing of equipment.
- Special guidance was given to contractors so that ambient dust did not pollute the air. Dust emission was controlled using water. The contractors and their labourers were regularly reminded to comply with the rules. The project manager, safety officer and their staff were assigned the responsibility to ensure that the site was kept environmentally friendly. Defaulters who did not follow the rules were fined.

ONGOING PROJECTS

KEN TTDI

Construction began in 2012 and is scheduled to be completed by early of 2015. To date KEN TTDI has already received the BCA Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) 2013 and the USGBC LEED Platinum Award (Pre-Certification) 2013, marking another milestone in green development for KEN.

Requirements set to qualify for Platinum are very high. For the BCA award, a total score of above 90 points must be scored. To qualify for GOLDPLUS it is 85 to 89 marks. For the USGBC LEED (US Green Building Council Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) Award, marks of above 80 points are required for a Platinum award.

Among the criteria considered for this rating is the use of ventilation simulation modelling and analysis to identify the most effective building design and layout. The building design must allow maximum effective use of daylight, include energy efficient features such as cool paints, provision of vertical greenery system to reduce heat gain to buildings and energy efficient products, water efficient fittings, good rainwater harvesting systems, sustainable construction methods (use recycled material and environmentally friendly products), use of greenery or restoration of trees for reducing heat island effect, promote green transport, encourage environmental friendly practices and minimise indoor pollution such as using low VOC paint.

Nestled within the lush neighbourhood of Taman Tun Dr Ismail, KEN TTDI is a world class sustainable corporate office tower with 13 levels and 4 levels of basement parking. KEN TTDI provides platinum grade corporate office suites, meeting-incentives-conventions-exhibitions (MICE), performing arts theatre, art gallery, a variety of food and beverage retail outlets, gymnasium, rooftop pool and skybar.

KEN TTDI is also MSC Malaysia Cybercentre compliant which gives qualified companies relocated to KEN TTDI the opportunity to enjoy attractive tax incentives.

Beyond its compelling location, the 13-storey building will be integrated with an array of green features to achieve energy efficiency and create an extraordinary work environment for our tenants.

The design of the building is geared to maximise the use of natural lighting. Each office features full height glass panels facing outside and internally, it envelops a solarium, which is crafted in the centre of the building to bring in an abundance of natural light. The offices come with its own executive toilets and are designed to be virtually column-free for maximum space optimisation.

KEN TTDI provides individual user-controlled air-conditioning systems, which can provide air-conditioning virtually 24 hours, ideal for Multi-National Corporations working across multiple time zones. This air-conditioning system even allows zoning within a floor, maximising savings on electricity.

Traditional offices have the central air-conditioning system, which is automatically switched off at the end of a workday. This forces companies to install split units to enable longer work hours or request for an extension of duration for central cooling. Thus, the traditional centralised system causes an inefficient use of energy due to the lack of control on central cooling.

KEN TTDI enjoys superb accessibility to three major highways with 5 minutes driving distance to LDP (Lebuhraya Damansara-Puchong), MRR2 (Kuala Lumpur Middle Ring Road 2) and Penchala Link. Once the entire MRT project is completed, the proposed MRT station will be just minutes away from the office tower. This accessibility would encourage KEN TTDI occupants and guests to use more public transport, thus reducing their carbon footprint.



Perspectives of KEN TTDI



KEN Rimba Township

Situated in Section 16, Shah Alam, KEN RIMBA is Malaysia's first green township to be awarded the GBI Certified Award (Provisional). Each development within KEN Rimba has been meticulously and innovatively designed to include various green features.

Within KEN RIMBA are two terraced home developments (KEN Rimba Legian Residences and KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences), two phases of condominiums (KEN Rimba Condominium 1 and 2), KEN Rimba Commercial Centre and a boutique hotel & service suites.

KEN Rimba Legian Residences was awarded the Singapore BCA Green Mark Gold Award, which makes it the first terraced home development to receive this award.

KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences, the last phase of terraced homes within KEN Rimba, was accorded the BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional). KEN Rimba Condominium 1 has obtained Singapore BCA Green Mark GOLDPLUS Award (Provisional) while KEN RIMBA Condominium 2 has set another benchmark

for being awarded the Green Mark Platinum Award (Provisional) in the high rise residential development category.

KEN Rimba Commercial Centre was also recognised for the green initiatives incorporated into its design philosophy. It was awarded the Green Mark Certified Award from the Building and Construction Authority (BCA) of Singapore.



KEN Rimba Legian Residences

Key Design Principles

The following are the key design principles incorporated into the developments within the Township:

1. Breathable Roof System to minimise heat

The breathable roof system used for the landed residential units work by allowing the heat that is usually trapped in the roof to escape and dissipate, thereby reducing indoor temperatures by up to 2 degrees Celcius. The heat would otherwise radiate into the house via the roof.



Breathable Roof

2. Cavity block walls

Cavity block walls are two-layer walls separated by a space. These walls are efficacious in providing insulation against external heat as well as sound. The layer of air in the cavity being non-conductor of heat, reduces the conduction of heat from the external face to the internal one.

3. Australian adjustable louvred windows

These windows installed for the landed and condominium units ensure maximum cross-ventilation into the home. Louvred windows provide optimal air flow whichever the direction of the wind compared with casement windows (normally used by developers) which allow wind to enter from only one direction.



Adjustable louvred window

4. Full height sliding doors

Full height sliding doors used as the main door, instead of flush door, used at KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences and KEN Rimba Condominium 1 allow more daylight to enter the units. Full height sliding doors also make the units look spacious.

5. Green perimeter fencing wall

The perimeter fencing, which is covered with shrubs, is more visually appealing than the otherwise uninspiring grey concrete. It is both functional in separating KEN Rimba from the outside and in giving tenants a greater sense of privacy. Plants and trees which form this green perimeter provide additional greenery to the development.



Green perimeter fencing wall

6. North-South orientation

KEN Rimba residences and condominiums, built in a north-south orientation, minimise the effect of solar heat radiation into the interiors from east- or west-facing doors and windows. The reduced reliance on air-conditioners for cooling can cut the building's energy consumption by about 20%. Windows placed strategically mean more natural light (and less electricity used for lighting), and a cooler home. Windows are prime culprits in letting heat into a home, and can account for up to half of a home's heat gain.

7. Light without touching a switch

The residences and condominiums are designed to ensure maximum natural light into the interior while ensuring maximum shade during the hottest time of the day. A home built in the north-south orientation will receive most of its light in a diffused form, making every space in the home a habitable and functional space. High windows and full length glass doors also allow more natural light to enter the house.

8. Wind without turning on the fans

The prevailing wind direction should also be a major consideration. A home designed with what is referred as "through-wind", means that wind will literally flow through the home, therefore creating natural air circulation and ventilation. A home built on a north-south orientation will capitalise on the prevailing wind direction. With the installation of louvred windows, residents will enjoy a natural breeze blowing through the home.

9. Covered walkway

A 750-meter covered walkway was built into the design of the master plan to enable tenants and residents of the township to walk comfortably to the Padang Jawa KTM Commuter Station. This feature encourages them to use public transport, reduces carbon footprint via reduced usage of vehicles for travelling and provides them greater convenience.



Covered walkway from KEN Rimba to KTM Commuter Station

10. Skylight / Transparent roof tiles

Strategically located transparent roof tiles for the landed residences provide ample natural daylight into the house interior. Residents' dependence on electricity is further reduced compared to traditional standard unit houses where such locations as the staircase and kitchen may require lighting even during the day. Stairways are well lit by daylight due to the skylight (transparent roof tiles).



KEN Rimba Jimbaran Residences

11. Linear green walkways

Instead of the uninviting conventional tarmac, KEN Rimba replaced its backlanes and sidelanes with linear green walkways decorated with trees, bushes and ponds. These often neglected areas are beautified at KEN Rimba, and will get more use from residents, leading to lesser chance of neglect. The design includes solar powered water fountains for aeration purposes and ponds with guppies to prevent mosquito infestation. These walkways serve as an extended green lung, reduce carbon footprint and lower the local temperature of the premises.





Linear green walkways at KEN Rimba Legian Residences

12. Heat reflective paint

Heat reflective paint is used on the facades of terrace houses to help keep the building cooler.

13. Rainwater Harvesting Tanks

The terrace houses are provided with these tanks on the first floor and backyard to store rainwater for non-consumption purposes such as for gardening and car or porch washing. This helps the tenants save water and reduce their water bill.

14. Efficient water fittings

We install water efficient fixtures (e.g. bib tap, garden tap, wares, basin taps) with 3 ticks 'excellent' WELS rating at all houses to regulate the use of water. The water saving is up to 30% – 40% compared to normal fittings.



Rainwater harvesting tanks

Construction Practices

Sustainability efforts are consistently carried out during the construction phase of the developments.

1. Practice of the 3Rs – Recycle, Reduce, Re-use

Recycled materials were used where possible in the construction of the buildings. Recycled wood was used for the swimming pool deck platform. While maintaining an outdoorsy feel, there is less environmental damage. Plasterboards for the internal ceilings were made from recycled gypsum for internal ceilings for better indoor air quality. Waste concrete was crushed to be used as the hardcore for pavements and temporary access road. Steel re-bars were sent for recycling.

2. Construction & Operations

During the construction process, a site management plan was drawn up for contractors to comply with. Contractors were simultaneously briefed on site rules prior to commencing work. Hazardous materials were always stored in properly designated areas to prevent materials from being exposed. Accommodation quadrants were sited in areas of the project site where proper sanitary amenities were available for use. A housekeeping and waste management plan was introduced to ensure that all waste was properly disposed of in accordance with provincial municipal regulation and environmental control and prevention of pollution policies.

Solid waste that was earmarked for removal from the construction site was thoroughly checked at all times to ascertain that it was no longer recyclable. It was then categorised under such headings as 'earth', 'concrete waste', 'organic waste', 'steel scraps', 'general waste', and 'chemical waste'. Refuse from each specific category was disposed of in specially designated bins that were located on site. A waste contractor was also appointed to relocate the waste to pre-designated waste disposal sites that were approved by the government.

A comprehensive site management plan was drawn up for contractors to comply with. Contractors were simultaneously briefed on site rules prior to commencing work. Contractors and their workers were also constantly reminded about such crucial site matters as segregating waste, and the safety officer was diligent in ensuring this protocol was followed and executed.



3. Application of biodiesel

Machineries used during the construction utilised biodiesel instead of gasoline, ethanol, and conventional diesel. Biodiesel produces much less greenhouse gas emissions, and helps to shift the paradigm to using renewable energy.

4. Open burning

Open burning was not condoned at the project site and this ruling was stringently enforced at all times by the safety officer.

5. Conservation of resources

Where possible, existing trees on the site were preserved, and any trees which had to be uprooted were replanted in another location. In addition to these efforts, we also transported back, and replanted trees which had to be uprooted in our other developments for example in KEN TTDI. This logistical feat was done at a substantial expense to us.

6. Compost used as fertiliser

There is an overwhelming amount of organic waste from the premise. It was turned into compost which was then used as organic fertiliser for landscaping.



The transplant of trees from TTDI site to KEN Rimba site



KEN Rimba site

COMMUNITY

FUNDRAISING FOR FURRY FRIENDS FARM

The KEN Sports and Social Club ("KSSK") organises a variety of events for staff to participate including volunteer work for the community. One of it was a fundraising activity for the Furry Friends Farm, an animal sanctuary, to contribute to the animal sanctuary's food bank. The sanctuary needs 120 bags of feed amounting to RM14,400 per month for the rescued animals. To raise funds, KEN staff helped to sell Furry Friends Farm merchandise.









VOLUNTEER WORK AT PAWS ANIMAL WELFARE SOCIETY

KSSK also organised a half-day outing to the Paws Animal Welfare Society ("PAWS") in Subang Jaya on 30 November and 1 December 2013. Every KSSK member took part in different tasks – some brought the dogs out for a walk and jog, some gave the dogs a refreshing bath while others cleaned the homes of the cats.









KEN FOUNDATION

KEN Foundation was established in 2005 with the aim of providing educational opportunities to needy, deserving Malaysian students accepted into but without the wherewithal to study at local universities. A total of 5 outstanding and deserving students received their scholarship awards in 2013. To-date, KEN Foundation has supported a total of 30 students to pursue their studies at their respective local universities.

Graduated scholars have also commenced employment within the KEN Group. The following are stories of how the KEN Foundation has changed the lives of three young Malaysians.

Mr. Mohd Tarmizi Bidin, a KEN employee in the Accounts Department, is one of the KEN Foundation recipients in 2009. The scholarship enabled him to continue his studies in Bachelor of Accounting at Universiti Putra Malaysia.



"I am very grateful and happy for the scholarship because my parents wouldn't have been able to support my studies. I am the fourth child in a family of eight siblings and my father is only a government staff.

I am blessed to be given this opportunity also because I have learned so much working at KEN. At first I started with issuing cheques then I was entrusted with the preparation of developer company's accounts. After that I made quite major progress in my career here because I was assigned to prepare the construction company's accounts and later KEN Group accounts."

When he joined KEN in January 2012, he held the humble position of Accounts Assistant. In only two years he was promoted to Senior Executive due to his earnest work and perseverance.

Another hard-working KEN employee, Mr. Nicholas Ng Chun Ming, received the scholarship in 2009 during his second year of study at Universiti Putra Malaysia where he took an Electric & Electronic Engineering degree majoring in microelectronic.



"I was surprise and grateful when I was informed through a phone call that I got the scholarship. Other organisations did not really give me a chance due to my health condition.

I really needed the scholarship, as my parents were already retired at the time I was studying my degree in UPM. I would not want to burden them with financial and health problems. I wanted to show them I could be independent so that at least in the future they would not have to worry about me.

I've been working for one and a half years at KEN, starting as Assistant Site Engineer then promoted to Site Engineer. I've been privileged enough to be assigned to this work which is suitable for my health condition because my health does not permit me to be under the sun for a long period of time."

Ms Nurasyikin bt Zainuddin, currently an Assistant in the Planning and Development department, received the scholarship in 2010 during the first semester of her first year in the BSc of Architecture at International Islamic University Malaysia.



"I really needed this scholarship because the cost of this course is really high. In fact, it was just enough to cover the school fees and some living expenses only. My friends who got PTPTN for the same course found it hard to cope financially because of this.

The course incurs a lot of other expenses such as art tools, equipment and site visits locally and internationally. I did freelance designing work to fund these expenses.

I don't want to burden my parents so the scholarship is a real god-send. I am extremely grateful to KEN for awarding the scholarship to me."

KEN pledged 1% of its annual profits before tax to be channelled into this Foundation. To date, the Foundation has raised more than RM1 million. Selected students are given a chance to further their studies at our local universities and thereon realise their potential in the becoming leaders of tomorrow.

The scholarship disbursed by the Foundation covers tuition fees, food and lodging so that recipients can focus on their studies without worrying about these costs. During the term of their scholarships, recipients are also given internship training in order to equip them with the requisite practical experience to nurture their minds, and through this, be groomed for the future.

STAKEHOLDERS

CUSTOMERS

In order to promote green features provided in the development, residents are given a copy of the 'Green Building User Guide' so that they can understand the usage of the green features. The user guide is distributed to the residents during handing over.

Other green initiatives included for the community are recycling bins placed throughout the development, cycling paths and compost bins for the residential developments. These green initiatives encourage the community to live an environmentally friendly lifestyle. Community bicycles are provided for residents' usage to encourage them to cycle instead of getting into their cars. It is a healthy way for them to move around within the township as well as reduces carbon emissions in the area.

Instead of merely decorative flora, we planted passion fruit plants at the pavilion in the KEN Rimba Legian Residences as well as the public playground. Fruit plants are functional as a part of the green lung of the landscape and provide residents free fruits to enjoy. KEN Rimba includes a service facility to receive and take action on residents' feedback so as to continuously improve their quality of life in the township.

EMPLOYEES

A recycling bin is provided in the office for collection of used and unwanted waste paper. Staff can also bring their old newspaper to the office as a collection point for recycling. Proceeds from this effort were donated to Paws Animal Welfare Society and Furry Friends Farm.



Advocating sustainability should not be confined to property buyers, but also to the employees so as to ensure KEN's mission of sustainability are truly appreciated among the staff. As such, KEN held two sessions of team building workshops throughout the year called Team Mindset Building held at Fraser's Hill. Fun activities revolving around the corporate core values were carried out.





FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



for the year ended 31 December 2013

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

Principal activities

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and provision of management services whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 6 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Results

	Group	Company
	RM'000	RM'000
Profit for the year	20,895	143

Reserves and provisions

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the year under review.

Dividends

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid a first and final ordinary dividend of 6.0 sen per ordinary share less tax at 25% totalling RM4,035,434 (4.5 sen net per ordinary share) in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2012 on 21 June 2013.

The first and final single tier ordinary dividend recommended by the Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2013 is 4.5 sen per ordinary share totalling RM4,035,344.

Directors of the Company

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

Dato' Tan Boon Kang

Tan Moon Hwa

Tan Chek Siong

Tang Kam Chee

YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar

YAM Tengku Dato' Seri Baderul Zaman Ibni Almarhum Sultan Mahmud (vacated office on 31 December 2013)

YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail

Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad

Sha Thiam Lu

for the year ended 31 December 2013

Number of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each

Sold

31.12.2013

3,000

3,000

Bought

Directors' interests in shares

Interests in the Company:

Tan Chek Een

Tan Chek Ying

Company

The interests and deemed interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at financial year end (including the interests of the spouse or children of the Directors who themselves are not Directors of the Company) as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

At 1.1.2013

Company	'000	'000	'000	'000
Directors of the Company:				
Interests in the Company:				
Dato' Tan Boon Kang	1,982	-	-	1,982
Tan Chek Siong	3,121	-	-	3,121
Tan Moon Hwa	601	-	-	601
Tang Kam Chee	100	-	-	100
Indirect interests in the Company:				
Dato' Tan Boon Kang	45,004	-	(3,121)	41,883
	Number	of ordinary sha	ares of HK\$1	.00 each
	At			At
Subsidiary	1.1.2013	Bought	Sold	31.12.2013
Kenly (HK) Ltd.	'000	'000	'000	'000
Indirect interests in the subsidiary:				
Dato' Tan Boon Kang	6,030	-	-	6,030
	Number At	of ordinary sh	ares of RM1.	.00 each At
Company	1.1.2013 '000	Bought '000	Sold '000	31.12.2013 '000
Spouse of Dato' Tan Boon Kang:				
Interests in the Company:				
To' Puan Lau Pek Kuan	1,959	-	-	1,959
Indirect interests in the Company:				
To' Puan Lau Pek Kuan	45,028	-	(3,121)	41,907
Children of Dato' Tan Boon Kang:				

By virtue of their interests in the shares of the Company, Dato' Tan Boon Kang is also deemed interested in the shares of the subsidiaries during the financial year to the extent that the Company has an interest.

3,000

3,000

None of the other Directors holding office at 31 December 2013 had any interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

for the year ended 31 December 2013

Directors' benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company or of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, other than as disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Issue of shares and debentures

There were no changes in the authorised, issued and paid-up capital of the Company during the financial year. There were no debentures issued during the financial year.

Options granted over unissued shares

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

Other statutory information

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- i) all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision made for doubtful debts, and
- ii) any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts, or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts, in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements, that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

for the year ended 31 December 2013

Other statutory information (continued)

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, except for waiver of debts owed by a subsidiary as disclosed in the financial statements of the Company, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

Significant events

(i) Incorporations of subsidiaries

On 29 March 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, Ken Rimba Sdn. Bhd. subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Swift Frontiers Sdn. Bhd. ("SFSB") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 20 June 2013, the Company subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken City Sdn. Bhd. ("KCTSB") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 21 June 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, KCTSB subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken City JB Sdn. Bhd. ("KCTJB") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 26 December 2013, the Company subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken JBCC Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("KJH") and Ken Estate Sdn. Bhd. ("KESB") for a total cash consideration of RM2 per company.

On 27 December 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, KJH subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken JBCC Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken JBCC Land") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 27 December 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, KESB subscribed the following six companies for a cash consideration of RM2 per company:

- (1) Ken Estate Penang Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Estate Penang")
- (2) Ken Estate (Melaka) Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Estate Melaka")
- (3) Ken Pahang Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Pahang Land")
- (4) Ken Selangor Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Selangor Land")
- (5) Ken Kelantan Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Kelantan Land")
- (6) Ken Damansara Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Damansara Land")

The above transactions were completed during the year. Consequently, SFSB, KCTSB, KCTJB, KJH, KESB, Ken JBCC Land, Ken Estate Penang, Ken Estate Melaka, Ken Pahang Land, Ken Selangor Land, Ken Kelantan Land and Ken Damansara Land became wholly-owned subsidiaries of Ken Holdings Berhad.

for the year ended 31 December 2013

Significant events (continued)

(ii) Repurchase of Company's shares

During the financial year, the Company repurchased 102,000 of its issued ordinary shares for a total cash consideration of RM128,924 from the open market at an average price of RM1.26 per share. As at 31 December 2013, total treasury shares held by the Company was 6,185,700.

Subsequent event

Proposed share split of Company's shares

On 24 February 2014, the Company announced to undertake a proposed share split involving the subdivision of every one (1) existing Company's share into two (2) split shares and the amendments to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company (to facilitate the implementation of the proposed share split).

Upon completion of the proposed share split, the resultant issued and paid-up share capital of the Company will be RM95,860,000 comprising 191,720,000 split shares (including 12,371,400 split shares held as treasury shares).

The proposed share split shall be subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Auditors

The auditors, Messrs KPMG, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Dato' Tan Boon Kang	
Tang Kam Chee	

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Date: 12 March 2014

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 31 December 2013

		Gro	oup	Comp	pany
	Note	2013	2012	2013	2012
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
			Restated		
Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	3	13,070	13,312	-	-
Land held for property development	4	103,908	102,229	-	-
Investment properties	5	53,809	42,313	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	6	-	-	53,891	53,891
Other investments	7	26	26	-	-
Deferred tax assets	8	10,246	8,865	202	143
Total non-current assets		181,059	166,745	54,093	54,034
Inventories	9	52,893	40,801	-	-
Property development costs	10	21,007	36,833	-	-
Current tax assets		208	1,067	-	-
Trade and other receivables	11	15,353	23,981	75,112	82,650
Cash and bank balances	12	8,956	8,985	19	90
Total current assets		98,417	111,667	75,131	82,740
Total assets		279,476	278,412	129,224	136,774
Equity					
Share capital		95,860	95,860	95,860	95,860
Reserves		87,703	70,963	19,911	23,932
Equity attributable to owners of the company	13	183,563	166,823	115,771	119,792
Non-controlling interests		55	55	-	-
Total equity		183,618	166,878	115,771	119,792
Liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	8	17,963	18,503	-	_
Total non-current liabilities		17,963	18,503	-	-
Trade and other payables	14	73,957	85,543	11,938	12,444
Loans and borrowings	15	1,500	4,494	1,500	4,494
Current tax liabilities		2,438	2,994	15	44
Total current liabilities		77,895	93,031	13,453	16,982
Total liabilities		95,858	111,534	13,453	16,982
Total equity and liabilities		279,476	278,412	129,224	136,774

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Gr	oup	Company		
	Note	2013	2012	2013	2012	
		RM'000	RM'000 Restated	RM'000	RM'000	
Revenue			nestated			
		55,492	53,993			
- property development revenue		55,492	55,995	47.044	0.511	
- dividends		-	- 110	17,814	8,511	
- management fees		336	119	750	660	
Cost of sales		55,828	54,112	18,564	9,171	
- property development costs		(20,130)	(23,509)		_	
Gross profit		35,698	30,603	18,564	9,171	
Other income		3,014	1,871	10,504	5,171	
Distribution expenses		(487)	(517)	_	_	
Administrative expenses		(9,824)	(10,472)	(17,266)	(1,590)	
Results from operating activities		28,401	21,485	1,298	7,581	
Finance income		117	1,351	1,290	219	
Finance costs		(261)	(23)	(165)	(23)	
Profit before tax		28,257	22,813	1,133	7,777	
Income tax expense	18	(7,362)	(6,336)	(990)	(870)	
Profit for the year	16	20,895	16,477	143	6,907	
Other comprehensive income/(expense), net of tax	10	20,000	10,477	140	0,507	
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		9	(74)	-	-	
Total other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	19	9	(74)	-	_	
Total comprehensive income for the year		20,904	16,403	143	6,907	
Profit attributable to:						
Owners of the Company		20,895	16,482	143	6,907	
Non-controlling interests		-	(5)	-	_	
Profit for the year		20,895	16,477	143	6,907	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:						
Owners of the Company		20,904	16,408	143	6,907	
Non-controlling interests		-	(5)	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year		20,904	16,403	143	6,907	
Basic earnings per ordinary share	20	23 sen	18 sen			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

				e to owners o stributable	-	ny> Distributable		Non-	
Group	Note	Share capital RM'000		Revaluation reserve RM'000		Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At January 2012		95,860	(5,157)	6,212	(664)	58,272	154,523	-	154,523
Profit for the year,									
- As previously stated		-	-	-	-	16,449	16,449	-	16,449
- Prior year adjustment	30	-	-	-	_	33	33	(5)	28
- As restated		-	-	-	-	16,482	16,482	(5)	16,477
Foreign currency translation difference for foreign operations	19	-	-	-	(74)	-	(74)	-	(74)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year, restated		-	-	-	(74)	16,482	16,408	(5)	16,403
Acquistion of a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	60	60
Own shares acquired	13	-	(68)	-	-	-	(68)	-	(68)
Dividends to owners of the Company	21	-	-	-	-	(4,040)	(4,040)	-	(4,040)
At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013, restated		95,860	(5,225)	6,212	(738)	70,714	166,823	55	166,878
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	20,895	20,895	-	20,895
Foreign currency translation difference for foreign operations	19	-	-	-	9	-	9	-	9
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	9	20,895	20,904	-	20,904
Own shares acquired	13	-	(129)	-	-	-	(129)	-	(129)
Dividends to owners of the Company	21	-	_	-	_	(4,035)	(4,035)	_	(4,035)
At 31 December 2013		95,860	(5,354)	6,212	(729)	87,574	183,563	55	183,618
		Note 13	Note 13	Note 13	Note 13				

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		< Non-disti	ributable> l	Distributable	
Company	Note	Share capital RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2012		95,860	(5,157)	26,290	116,993
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	6,907	6,907
Own shares acquired	13	-	(68)	-	(68)
Dividends to owners of the Company	21	-	-	(4,040)	(4,040)
At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013		95,860	(5,225)	29,157	119,792
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	143	143
Own shares acquired	13	-	(129)	-	(129)
Dividends to owners of the Company	21	-	-	(4,035)	(4,035)
At 31 December 2013		95,860	(5,354)	25,265	115,771
	_	Note 13	Note 13	Note 13	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Gro	-	Comp	-
	Note	2013	2012	2013	2012
	Note	RM'000	RM'000 Restated	RM'000	RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before tax		28,257	22,813	1,133	7,777
Adjustments for:			,0.0	.,	.,
Depreciation of investment properties	5	155	155	_	_
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	3	680	656	_	_
Dividend income		_	_	(17,814)	(8,511)
Finance income		(117)	(1,351)	-	(219)
Finance costs		261	23	165	23
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	:	(36)	(17)	_	_
Reversal of accrual for project costs		(788)	-	_	_
Accrual for project cost		311	_	_	_
Waiver of debts owed by a subsidiary		_	-	16,678	_
Unrealised (gain)/loss on foreign exchange		(350)	104	-	-
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital		28,373	22,383	162	(930)
Changes in working capital:					
Inventories		(4,381)	4,159	-	-
Land held for property development		(1,679)	(18,895)	-	-
Property development costs		8,115	(21,238)	-	-
Trade and other payables		(11,236)	33,427	(506)	11,765
Trade and other receivables		8,755	(16,022)	2,884	12,689
Cash generated from operations		27,947	3,814	2,540	23,524
Interest received		62	209	-	-
Income tax paid		(9,199)	(8,574)	(181)	(147)
Income tax refunded		219	229	-	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		19,029	(4,322)	2,359	23,377
Cash flows from investing activities					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	3	(438)	(1,095)	-	-
Acquisition and subscription of subsidiaries	27	-	(40,598)	-	(40,558)
Dividends received		-	-	4,893	7,761
Interest income from fixed deposits		55	1,142	-	219
Additions to investment properties	5	(11,651)	(8,570)	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		36	18	_	_
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		(11,998)	(49,103)	4,893	(32,578)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 December 2013

		Gro	up	Comp	npany	
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
			Restated			
Cash flows from financing activities						
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	21	(4,035)	(4,040)	(4,035)	(4,040)	
Drawdown of loans and borrowings		14,500	3,500	14,500	3,500	
Repayment of loans and borrowings		(16,500)	-	(16,500)	-	
Repurchase of treasury shares	13	(129)	(68)	(129)	(68)	
Interest paid		(261)	(14)	(165)	(14)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,425)	(622)	(6,329)	(622)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		606	(54,047)	923	(9,823)	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held		359	(111)	-	_	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		7,991	62,149	(904)	8,919	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		8,956	7,991	19	(904)	

Notes to cash flow statements

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following statements of financial position amounts:

	Group			Com	pany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
			Restated		
Cash and bank balances	12	5,790	6,313	19	90
Deposits placed with licensed banks	12	3,166	2,672	-	-
Bank overdraft	15	-	(994)	-	(994)
		8,956	7,991	19	(904)

Ken Holdings Berhad is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of the principal place of business and registered office of the Company is as follows:

Principal place of business/Registered office

6, Jalan Datuk Sulaiman Taman Tun Dr. Ismail 60000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually referred to as "Group entities"). The financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding activities and provision of management services whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 6.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 March 2014.

1. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRSs") and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The following are accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but have not been adopted by the Group and the Company:

FRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

- Amendments to FRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements: Investment Entities
- Amendments to FRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Investment Entities
- Amendments to FRS 127, Separate Financial Statements (2011): Investment Entities
- Amendments to FRS 132, Financial Instruments: Presentation Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
- Amendments to FRS 136, *Impairment of Assets Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets*
- Amendments to FRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
- IC Interpretation 21, Levies

1. Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

FRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

- Amendments to FRS 2, Share-based Payment (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 3, Business Combinations (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 8, Operating Segments (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 13, Fair Value Measurement (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 119, Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions
- Amendments to FRS 124, Related Party Disclosures (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 138, Intangible Assets (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 140, Investment Properties (Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle)

FRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for a date yet to be confirmed

- FRS 9, Financial Instruments (2009)
- FRS 9, Financial Instruments (2010)
- FRS 9, Financial Instruments, Hedge Accounting and Amendments to FRS 9, FRS 7 and FRS 139
- Amendments to FRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures Mandatory Effective Date of FRS 9 and Transition Disclosures

The Group and the Company plan to apply the abovementioned accounting standards, amendments and interpretations:

- from the annual period beginning on 1 January 2014 for those accounting standards, amendments
 or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, except
 for Amendments to FRS 12 and IC Interpretation 21 which are not applicable to the Group and the
 Company.
- from the annual period beginning on 1 January 2015 for those accounting standards, amendments
 or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, except for
 Amendments to FRS 2 and Amendments to FRS 138 which are not applicable to the Group and the
 Company.

The initial application of the other accounting standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have any material financial impacts to the current period and prior period financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

The Group and the Company fall within the scope of IC Interpretation 15, *Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate*. Therefore, the Group and the Company are currently exempted from adopting the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs") and is referred to as a "Transitioning Entity". Being a Transitioning Entity, the Group and the Company will adopt the MFRSs and present its first set of MFRSs financial statements when adoption of the MFRSs is mandated by the MASB.

1. Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis other than as disclosed in Note 2.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with FRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than those disclosed in the following notes:

- Note 5 fair values of investment properties
- Note 10 calculation of revenue and cost of sales for property development projects
- Notes 14 and 25 provisions and contingencies

2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Group entities.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Group adopted FRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements in the current financial year. This resulted in changes to the following policies:

- Control exists when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement
 with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. In
 the previous financial years, control exists when the Group has the ability to exercise its power
 to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its
 activities.
- Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. In the previous financial years, potential voting rights are considered when assessing control when such rights are presently exercisable.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(i) Subsidiaries (continued)

The change in accounting policy has been made retrospectively and in accordance with the transitional provision of FRS 10. The effects from the adoption of FRS 10 are disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.

The accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

(ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

For new acquisitions, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements of which the Group has joint control, established by contracts requiring unanimous consent for decisions about the activities that significantly affect the arrangements' returns.

The Group adopted FRS 11, *Joint Arrangements* in the current financial year. As a result, joint arrangements are classified and accounted for as follows:

- A joint arrangement is classified as "joint operation" when the Group or the Company has
 rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to an arrangement. The Group
 and the Company account for each of its share of the assets, liabilities and transactions,
 including its share of those held or incurred jointly with the other investors, in relation to the
 joint operation.
- A joint arrangement is classified as "joint venture" when the Group has rights only to the net assets of the arrangements. The Group accounts for its interest in the joint venture using the equity method.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iii) Joint arrangements (continued)

In the previous financial years, joint arrangements were classified and accounted for as follows:

- For jointly controlled entity, the Group accounted for its interest using the equity method.
- For jointly controlled asset or jointly controlled operation, the Group and the Company accounted for each its share of the assets, liabilities and transactions, including its share of those held or incurred jointly with the other investors.

The change in accounting policy has been made retrospectively and in accordance with the transitional provision of FRS 11. The adoption of FRS 11 has no significant impact to the financial statements of the Group.

(iv) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the equity holders of the Company, are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

(v) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting date.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia

The assets and liabilities of operations denominated in functional currencies other than RM, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The income and expenses of foreign operations, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

Financial assets

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises debt instruments that are not quoted in an active

Financial assets categorised as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(b) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale category comprises investment in equity and debt securities instruments that are not held for trading.

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost. Other financial assets categorised as available-for-sale are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from monetary items and gains and losses of hedged items attributable to hedge risks of fair value hedges which are recognised in profit or loss. On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity into profit or loss. Interest calculated for a debt instrument using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

All financial assets are subject to review for impairment (see Note 2(I)(i)).

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(iii) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Financial guarantee contracts (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts are classified as deferred income and are amortised to profit or loss using a straight-line method over the contractual period or, when there is no specified contractual period, recognised in profit or loss upon discharge of the guarantee. When settlement of a financial guarantee contract becomes probable, an estimate of the obligation is made. If the carrying value of the financial guarantee contract is lower than the obligation, the carrying value is adjusted to the obligation amount and accounted for as a provision.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the financial asset is transferred to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost/valuation less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The Group revalues its property comprising land and building every 5 years and at shorter intervals whenever the fair value of the revalued assets is expected to differ materially from the carrying value.

Surpluses arising from revaluation are dealt with in the revaluation reserve account. Any deficit arising is offset against the revaluation reserve to the extent of a previous increase for the same property. In all other cases, a decrease in carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other income" or "other expenses" respectively in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation surplus reserve are transferred to retained earnings.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group or the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

	freehold building	25 years
•	leasehold land	60 - 85 years
•	motor vehicles	5 years
•	site equipment	5 years
•	plant and machinery	5 years
•	office equipment	5 years
•	furniture and fittings	5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of the reporting period and adjusted as appropriate.

(e) Leased assets

Operating lease

Leases, where the Group or the Company does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

(f) Investment properties

(i) Investment properties carried at cost

Investment properties are properties which are owned to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Investment properties (continued) (f)

Investment properties carried at cost (continued)

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The cost of self-constructed investment property includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the investment property to a working condition for their intended use.

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An investment property is derecognised on its disposal, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

(ii) Determination of fair value

The Directors estimate the fair values of the Group's investment properties for disclosure purposes without involvement of independent valuers.

The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (see Note 2(v)).

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of investment properties. Freehold land is not depreciated. Investment properties under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods for building are 25 - 50 years.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of the reporting period and adjusted as appropriate.

Inventories (g)

Completed properties held for sale are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories includes expenditures incurred in the acquisition of land, direct cost and appropriate proportions of common cost attributable to developing the properties to completion.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(h) **Construction work-in-progress**

Construction work-in-progress represents the gross unbilled amount expected to be collected from customers for contract work performed to date. It is measured at cost plus profit recognised to date less progress billings and recognised losses. Cost includes all expenditure related directly to specific projects and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads incurred in the Group's contract activities based on normal operating capacity.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Construction work-in-progress (continued)

Construction work-in-progress is presented as part of trade and other receivables as amount due from contract customers in the statement of financial position for all contracts in which costs incurred plus recognised profits exceed progress billings. If progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profits, then the difference is presented as deferred income in the statement of financial position.

(i) Land held for property development

Land held for property development consists of land or such portions thereof on which no development activity has been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the Group's operating cycle of 2 to 3 years. Such land is classified as non-current asset and is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Land held for property development is classified as property development costs at the point when development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be completed within the Group's operating cycle of 2 to 3 years.

Cost associated with the acquisition of land includes the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies. Where the Group has previously carried the land at revalued amount, it continues to retain this amount as its surrogate cost as allowed by FRS 201.

Property development costs (j)

Property development costs comprise costs associated with the acquisition of land and all costs that are directly attributable to development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities.

Property development costs not recognised as an expense is recognised as an asset and is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The excess of revenue recognised in profit or loss over billings to the purchasers is shown as progress billings receivable under trade and other receivables while the excess billing to purchasers over revenue recognised in profit or loss is shown as progress billings under trade and other payables.

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdraft.

(I) Impairment

Financial assets

All financial assets (except for investments in subsidiaries) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For an investment in an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment. If any such objective evidence exists, then the impairment loss of the financial asset is estimated.

An impairment loss in respect of loans and receivables is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(I) Impairment (continued)

(i) Financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss in respect of available-for-sale financial assets is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and the asset's current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised. Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised in the other comprehensive income, the cumulative loss in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

An impairment loss in respect of unquoted equity instrument that is carried at cost is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available for sale is not reversed through profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories, assets arising from construction contracts and deferred tax assets) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a *pro rata* basis.

In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(iii) Repurchase of share capital (treasury shares)

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, net of any tax effects, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares that are not subsequently cancelled are classified as treasury shares in the statement of changes in equity.

(n) **Employee benefits**

(i) **Short-term employee benefits**

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short term cash bonus if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) State plans

The Group's contributions to the statutory pension funds are charged to profit or loss in the financial year to which they relate. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extend that a cash refund or a reduction future payments is available.

(o) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where the Company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within the Group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Revenue and other income

(i) Construction contracts

Contract revenue includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments, to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably. As soon as the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract cost are recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the contract.

The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to-date bear to the estimated total contract costs.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. An expected loss on a contract is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(ii) Property development

Revenue from property development activities are recognised based on the stage of completion measured by reference to the proportion that property development costs incurred for works performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs.

Where the financial outcome of a property development activity cannot be reliably estimated, property development revenue is recognised only to the extent of property development cost incurred that is probable will be recoverable, and property development cost on the development units sold are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Any expected loss on a development project, including cost to be incurred over the defect liability period, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Revenue from the sale of completed properties is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised, in the profit or loss when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date that the Group's or the Company's right to receive payment is established, which in the case of quoted securities is the ex-dividend date.

(iv) Management fee income

Management fee income is recognised on an accrual basis.

(v) Rental income

Rental income is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease. Rental income from subleased property is recognised as other income.

(vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method in profit or loss.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

(r) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous financial years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

(s) Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(t) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Managing Director of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(u) Contingencies

(i) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(ii) Contingent assets

Where it is not probable that there is an inflow of economic benefits, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the asset is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent asset, unless the probability of inflow of the economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent assets unless the probability of inflow of economic benefits is remote.

(v) Fair value measurement

From 1 January 2013, the Group and the Company adopted FRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement* which prescribed that fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In accordance with the transitional provision of FRS 13, the Group applied the new fair value measurement guidance prospectively, and has not provided any comparative fair value information for new disclosures. The adoption of FRS 13 has not significantly affected the measurements of the Group and the Company assets or liabilities other than the additional disclosures in Notes 5 and 23 to the financial statements.

3. Property, plant and equipment

Cost/Valuation At 1 January 2012 500 11,547 3,354 496 7,594 832 269 24,592 Additions - - 867 - - 219 9 1,095 Disposals - - (142) - - (175) (51) (354) Write off - - (128) - - (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 500 11,547 3,951 496 7,594 867 227 25,182 Additions - - 83 - - 260 95 438 Disposals - - (609) - - (6) - (615) Write off - - - (138) (92) - - (230) At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775	Group	Building RM'000	Land RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Site equipment RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Office equipment RM'000	_	Total RM'000
Additions	Cost/Valuation								
Disposals	At 1 January 2012	500	11,547	3,354	496	7,594	832	269	24,592
Write off - - (128) - - (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 500 11,547 3,951 496 7,594 867 227 25,182 Additions - - 83 - - 260 95 438 Disposals - - (609) - - (6) - (615) Write off - - - (138) (92) - - (230) At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Representing items at: Cost - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 14,575 Valuation - 2010 500 9,700 - - - - 10,200 At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Depreciation	Additions	-	-	867	-	-	219	9	1,095
At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 Additions 83 260 95 438 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 Expresenting items at: Cost - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Representing items at: Cost - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Valuation - 2010 500 9,700 10,200 At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Depreciation At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 At 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 At 31 Decem	Disposals	-	-	(142)	-	-	(9)	-	(151)
1 January 2013	Write off	-	-	(128)	-	-	(175)	(51)	(354)
Disposals Comparison Compa		500	11,547	3,951	496	7,594	867	227	25,182
Write off - - - (138) (92) - - (230) At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Representing items at: - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 14,575 Valuation - 2010 500 9,700 - - - - 10,200 At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Depreciation At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals - - (142) - - (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 <td>Additions</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>83</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>260</td> <td>95</td> <td>438</td>	Additions	-	-	83	-	-	260	95	438
At 31 December 2013 Representing items at: Cost - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Valuation - 2010 500 9,700 10,200 At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Depreciation At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013	Disposals	-	-	(609)	-	-	(6)	-	(615)
Representing items at: Cost - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 14,575 Valuation - 2010 500 9,700 10,200 At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Depreciation At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 444 245 26 13,312	Write off	-	-	-	(138)	(92)	-	-	(230)
Cost - 1,847 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 14,575 Valuation - 2010 500 9,700 - - - - - 10,200 At 31 December 2013 500 11,547 3,425 358 7,502 1,121 322 24,775 Depreciation At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals - - (142) - - (8) - (150) Write off - - (128) - - (175) (51) (354) Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals - - (609) - - (6) - (615)	At 31 December 2013	500	11,547	3,425	358	7,502	1,121	322	24,775
Depreciation Substitute		-	1,847	3,425	358	7,502	1,121	322	14,575
Depreciation At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) 92) (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	Valuation - 2010	500	9,700	-	-	-	-	-	10,200
At 1 January 2012 20 134 2,565 496 7,535 725 243 11,718 Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) - (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	At 31 December 2013	500	11,547	3,425	358	7,502	1,121	322	24,775
Depreciation for the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	Depreciation			:					:
the year 20 134 398 - 15 80 9 656 Disposals (142) (8) - (150) Write off (128) (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	At 1 January 2012	20	134	2,565	496	7,535	725	243	11,718
Write off - - (128) - - (175) (51) (354) At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals - - (609) - - (6) - (615) Write off - - - (138) (92) - - (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	•	20	134	398	_	15	80	9	656
At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 40 268 2,693 496 7,550 622 201 11,870 Depreciation for the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	Disposals	-	-	(142)	-	-	(8)	-	(150)
1 January 2013	Write off	_	-	(128)	-	-	(175)	(51)	(354)
the year 20 134 399 - 15 93 19 680 Disposals (609) (6) - (615) Write off (138) (92) (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312		40	268	2,693	496	7,550	622	201	11,870
Write off - - - (138) (92) - - (230) At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	•	20	134	399	-	15	93	19	680
At 31 December 2013 60 402 2,483 358 7,473 709 220 11,705 Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	Disposals	-	-	(609)	-	-	(6)	-	(615)
Carrying amounts At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	Write off	-	-	-	(138)	(92)	-	-	(230)
At 1 January 2012 480 11,413 789 - 59 107 26 12,874 At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	At 31 December 2013	60	402	2,483	358	7,473	709	220	11,705
At 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	Carrying amounts								
1 January 2013 460 11,279 1,258 - 44 245 26 13,312	At 1 January 2012	480	11,413	789		59	107	26	12,874
At 31 December 2013 440 11,145 942 - 29 412 102 13,070		460	11,279	1,258	-	44	245	26	13,312
	At 31 December 2013	440	11,145	942	-	29	412	102	13,070

3. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

3.1 Property, plant and equipment under the revaluation model

The Group revalues its property comprising land and building every 5 years. Property under the revaluation model was last revalued by the Directors in 2010 based on valuations carried out on 24 December 2010 and 31 January 2011 by Mr. Long Tian Chek and Mr. Sr Tew Kok Huat, independent registered professional valuers with Henry Butcher Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., using the comparison method.

Had the freehold building and freehold and leasehold land been carried under the cost model, their carrying amounts would have been as follows:

	Group	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Freehold land	490	490
Freehold building	90	95
Leasehold land with unexpired lease period of more than 50 years	1,766	1,792
	2,346	2,377

3.2 **Land**

Included in the carrying amounts of land are:

	Group	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Freehold land	2,700	2,700
Leasehold land with unexpired lease period of more than 50 years	8,445	8,579
	11,145	11,279

4. Land held for property development

Group	Freehold land	Development costs	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cost			
At 1 January 2012	20,030	1,477	21,507
Acquisition through business combination	70,000	-	70,000
Additions (restated)	16,491	1,278	17,769
Transfer from property development costs	(5,788)	(1,259)	(7,047)
At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013 (restated)	100,733	1,496	102,229
Additions	349	1,330	1,679
At 31 December 2013	101,082	2,826	103,908

5. **Investment properties**

Group	Freehold land RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Under construction RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2012	7,352	3,933	23,155	34,440
Additions	155	-	8,415	8,570
At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013	7,507	3,933	31,570	43,010
Additions	-	-	11,651	11,651
At 31 December 2013	7,507	3,933	43,221	54,661
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2012	-	542	-	542
Depreciation for the year	-	155	-	155
At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013	-	697	-	697
Depreciation for the year	-	155	-	155
At 31 December 2013	-	852	-	852
Carrying amounts				
At 1 January 2012	7,352	3,391	23,155	33,898
At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013	7,507	3,236	31,570	42,313
At 31 December 2013	7,507	3,081	43,221	53,809
Fair values				
At 1 January 2012	7,497	5,336		12,833
At 31 December 2012/1 January 2013	8,451	5,508	-	13,959
At 31 December 2013	8,451	5,599	-	14,050

A commercial office building is currently under construction and the fair value of the property is unable to be determined as there are uncertainties in estimating its fair value. The building has started its construction since 2011. The estimated fair value is likely to be similar to that of the cost incurred to date until its fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete, whichever is earlier.

Fair value information

		2013			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Freehold land	-	-	8,451	8,451	
Buildings		_	5,599	5,599	
		_	14,050	14,050	

Level 1 fair value

Level 1 fair value is derived from quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investment properties that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the investment property, either directly or indirectly.

5. Investment properties (continued)

Fair value information (continued)

Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the investment property.

The following table shows the valuation technique used in the determination of fair values within level 3 as well as the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation models.

Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
The Group estimates the fair value of all investment properties based on the following key assumptions:	 Market price of property in vicinity compared. 	The estimated fair value would increase/(decrease) if market prices of property were higher/(lower).
 Comparison of the Group's investment properties with similar properties that were listed for sale within the same locality or other comparable localities; and 		
 Enquiries from relevant property valuers and real estate agents on market conditions and changing market trends. 		

Valuation processes applied by the Group for Level 3 fair value

The Group estimates the fair value of all investment properties based on the following key assumptions:

- Comparison of the Group's investment properties with similar properties that were listed for sale within the same locality or other comparable localities; and
- Enquiries from relevant property valuers and real estate agents on market conditions and changing market trends.

Assessment of the fair values of the Group's investment properties is undertaken annually. The changes in Level 3 fair values are analysed by the management based on the assessment undertaken.

Highest and best use

The Group's investment properties represent a number of commercial properties that are partially tenanted and two pieces of vacant land. The highest and best use of these properties and land is for rental generation as they are located in the vicinity of the commercial area.

The following are recognised in profit or loss in respect of investment properties:

	Group	
	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000
Rental income	377	296
Direct operating expenses		
- income generating investment properties	(66)	(62)

5. **Investment properties** (continued)

Security

A financial institution had lodged a private caveat on the land owned by a subsidiary with carrying amounts of RM15.8 million (2012: RM15.8 million) to secure banking facilities granted to the Company (Note 15).

6. Investments in subsidiaries

	Company		
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	
Unquoted shares - at cost	53,891	53,891	

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

		Effection owner interest	rship
Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	2013	
Ken Grouting Sdn. Bhd.	Specialist engineering services, turnkey contracts, building and civil engineering works	100	100
Ken Projects Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
Ken Property Sdn. Bhd.	Property holding and investment and housing developer	100	100
Support Capital Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
Sphere Supreme Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
Kenergy Sdn. Bhd. †	Dormant	100	100
Ken JBCC Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100
Ken JBCC Holdings Sdn. Bhd. *	Investment holding	100	-
Ken Estate Sdn. Bhd. †	Investment holding	100	-
Ken City Sdn. Bhd. †	Dormant	100	-
The subsidiary of Ken City Sdn. Bhd. is:			
Ken City JB Sdn. Bhd. †	Dormant	100	-
The subsidiary of Support Capital Sdn. Bhd. is:			
Kenly (HK) Ltd. †	Dormant	79.4	79.4
The subsidiary of Ken Grouting Sdn. Bhd. is:			
Ken-Chec Sdn. Bhd. †	Land reclamation, civil, dredging, and marine engineering	100	100
The subsidiary of Ken JBCC Holdings Sdn. Bhd. is:			
Ken JBCC Land Sdn. Bhd.*	Dormant	100	-

6. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

		Effection owner	
		inte	
Name of subsidiary	Principal activities		2012
The subsidiaries of Mars Businests Ode Blad and		%	%
The subsidiaries of Ken Projects Sdn. Bhd. are:			
Khidmat Tulin Sdn. Bhd.	Housing developer	100	100
T.B.S. Management Sdn. Bhd. †	Property management services	100	100
Ken Rimba Sdn. Bhd.	Housing developer and investment holding	100	100
The subsidiaries of Ken Rimba Sdn. Bhd. are:			
Genesis Nature Sdn. Bhd. †	Property management services	100	100
Swift Frontiers Sdn. Bhd. †	Property management services	100	-
The subsidiaries of Ken Property Sdn. Bhd. are:			
Ken Link Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and investment holding	100	100
Ken TTDI Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
Ken Capital Sdn. Bhd. †	Dormant	100	100
The subsidiaries of Ken Estate Sdn. Bhd. are:			
Ken Estate Penang Sdn. Bhd. *	Dormant	100	-
Ken Estate (Melaka) Sdn. Bhd. *	Dormant	100	-
Ken Pahang Land Sdn. Bhd. *	Dormant	100	-
Ken Selangor Land Sdn. Bhd. *	Dormant	100	-
Ken Kelantan Land Sdn. Bhd. *	Dormant	100	-
Ken Damansara Land Sdn. Bhd. *	Dormant	100	-
The subsidiary of Sphere Supreme Sdn. Bhd. is:			
Wealthy Discovery Sdn. Bhd. †	Dormant	40	40
The subsidiary of Ken TTDI Sdn. Bhd. is:			
Jewel Estate Sdn. Bhd. †	Property management services	100	100

^{*} Newly acquired during the year and consolidated based on unaudited financial statements.

All the subsidiaries were incorporated in Malaysia, except for Kenly (HK) Ltd., which was incorporated in Hong Kong.

Although the Group owns less than half of the ownership interest in Wealthy Discovery Sdn. Bhd. ("WDSB") and less than half of the voting power of this entity, the Directors have determined that the Group controls this entity by virtue of absolute right to the joint development agreement entered into by a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and WDSB.

[†] Not audited by member firms of KPMG International.

7. Other investments

		Sha	
Group 2013	Total RM'000	Unquoted RM'000	Quoted in Malaysia RM'000
Available-for-sale financial assets	140	20	120
Less: Impairment loss	(114)	-	(114)
	26	20	6
Market value of quoted investments	11	-	11
2012			
Available-for-sale financial assets	140	20	120
Less: Impairment loss	(114)	-	(114)
	26	20	6
Market value of quoted investments	8	-	8

8. Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Recognised deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

Assets Liabilities		lities	Net			
Group	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	(1,786)	(1,758)	(1,786)	(1,758)
Property development costs	-	-	(2,348)	(2,916)	(2,348)	(2,916)
Land held for property development	-	-	(13,829)	(13,829)	(13,829)	(13,829)
Provisions	202	143	-	-	202	143
Other items	10,044	8,722	-	-	10,044	8,722
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	10,246	8,865	(17,963)	(18,503)	(7,717)	(9,638)
Company						
Provisions	202	143	-	-	202	143

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items (stated at gross):

	Group		Company		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Tax loss carry-forward	12,365	11,841	-	_	

8. Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets (continued)

Tax loss carry-forward relates to a subsidiary incorporated in Hong Kong. The tax losses do not expire under the tax legislation of Hong Kong.

Deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of this item because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits there from.

Movement in temporary differences during the year

		Recognised in profit	Acquired in business	At	Recognised in profit	
Group	At 1.1.2012 RM'000	or loss (Note 18) RM'000	combination (Note 27) RM'000		or loss (Note 18) RM'000	At 31.12.2013 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	(1,704)	(54)	-	(1,758)	(28)	(1,786)
Property development costs	(3,304)	388	-	(2,916)	568	(2,348)
Land held for property development	-	-	(13,829)	(13,829)	_	(13,829)
Provisions	82	61	-	143	59	202
Other items	5,917	2,805	-	8,722	1,322	10,044
	991	3,200	(13,829)	(9,638)	1,921	(7,717)
Company						
Provisions	82	61	_	143	59	202

9. Inventories

	G	roup
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Completed properties	52,893	40,801
Recognised in profit or loss: Inventories recognised as cost of sales	246	2,338

10. Property development costs

	G	roup
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
At 1 January		
Land	18,441	27,655
Development costs	76,387	128,194
Accumulated costs charged to profit or loss	(57,995)	(116,409)
	36,833	39,440
Development costs incurred during the year	13,750	43,535
Transfer from land held for property development	-	7,047
	50,583	90,022
Costs charged to profit or loss	(21,865)	(21,171)
Costs transferred to inventories	(7,711)	(32,018)
	21,007	36,833
At 31 December		
Land	8,883	18,441
Development costs	34,072	76,387
Accumulated costs charged to profit or loss	(21,948)	(57,995)
Current portion	21,007	36,833

10.1 Estimation uncertainty and critical judgements

The Group estimates revenue and budgeted costs for property development projects based on the following key assumptions:

- Revenue on development projects have been projected based on the estimated market selling price of the units;
- The property development costs have been projected based on prevailing cost of construction and such costs are reviewed on an on-going basis.

Any revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

11. Trade and other receivables

		Gro	oup	Com	pany
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current			Restated		
Trade					
Trade receivables		8,218	21,223	-	-
Retention sum	11.1	1,303	1,364	-	-
		9,521	22,587	-	-
Less: Allowance for impairment loss		(1,822)	(2,676)	-	-
		7,699	19,911	-	-
Non-trade					
Amounts due from subsidiaries	11.2	-	-	75,107	82,645
Other receivables and deposits	11.3	7,654	4,345	5	5
Less: Allowance for impairment loss		-	(275)	-	-
		7,654	4,070	75,112	82,650
		15,353	23,981	75,112	82,650

- 11.1 Full impairment losses have been made for the retention sum outstanding at year end.
- 11.2 The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- 11.3 Included in other receivables and deposits of the Group are:
 - (i) An advance of RM2,000,000 (2012: RM2,000,000) paid by a subsidiary to a third party for services to be rendered in the normal course of business;
 - (ii) A deposit of RM500,000 (2012: nil) paid to a third party for a joint development project entered into by a subsidiary during the financial year;
 - (iii) An amount of RM1,693,000 (2012: nil) held by a solicitor as stakeholder on behalf of a foreign subsidiary pending a resolution on dispute of expenses claimed.

12. Cash and bank balances

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
		Restated		
Cash and bank balances	5,790	6,313	19	90
Deposits placed with licensed banks	3,166	2,672	-	-
	8,956	8,985	19	90

Included in the Group's cash and bank balances is RM1,639,050 (2012: RM812,149) maintained pursuant to the Housing Development (Housing Development Account) Regulations 1991.

13. Capital and reserves

Share Capital

	Amount 2013 RM'000	Group and Number of shares 2013 '000	Amount 2012 RM'000	Number of shares 2012 '000
Ordinary shares of RM1.00 each:				
Authorised	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid-up	95,860	95,860	95,860	95,860

13.1 Ordinary shares

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. In respect of the Company's treasury shares that are held by the Group (see below), all rights are suspended until those shares are reissued.

13.2 Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve relates to the revaluation of the Group's property, plant and equipment and certain inventories developed on a revalued land.

13.3 Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the Group entities with functional currencies other than RM.

13.4 Treasury shares

The shareholders of the Company, by an ordinary resolution passed in a general meeting held on 18 April 2013, approved the Company's plan to repurchase its own shares. The Directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company to its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Company repurchased 102,000 of its issued share capital from the open market. The average price paid for the shares repurchased was RM1.26 per share. The repurchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares repurchased were retained as treasury shares. None of the treasury shares (including those repurchased in previous years) were resold as at year end.

At 31 December 2013, the Group held 6,185,700 (2012: 6,083,700) of the Company's shares.

Details of the repurchase of treasury shares were as follows:

	Average repurchase RM	Highest repurchase price RM	Lowest repurchase price RM	Number of treasury share repurchase	Total consideration paid RM
2013	1.26	1.51	1.21	102,000	128,924
2012	1.19	1.31	1.03	57,000	68,089

13. Capital and reserves (continued)

13.5 Section 108 tax credit

The Finance Act, 2007 introduced a single tier company income tax system with effect from 1 January 2008. The remaining Section 108 tax credit as at 31 December 2013 has expired on 31 December 2013.

14. Trade and other payables

		Gro	oup	Com	Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
			Restated			
Trade						
Trade payables	14.1	12,264	12,859	-	-	
Progress billings		33,210	46,673	-	-	
		45,474	59,532	-	-	
Non-trade						
Other payables and	14.2&					
accruals	14.3	28,006	25,565	858	961	
Amounts due to Directors	14.4	477	446	369	337	
Amount due to subsidiaries	14.5	-	-	10,711	11,146	
		28,483	26,011	11,938	12,444	
		73,957	85,543	11,938	12,444	

- 14.1 Included in trade payables of the Group are retention sums payable amounting to RM3,205,619 (2012: RM3,408,310).
- 14.2 Included in other payables and accruals of the Group are accrual for project costs amounting to RM9,648,000 (2012: RM4,783,000).

There are estimation uncertainty and key assumptions made by management in arriving at the accrual for project costs. The Group estimates the accrual for project costs based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation, of which the Directors normally would have made references against actual costs incurred previously or quotations from suppliers.

- 14.3 Included in other payables and accruals of the Group are consultation fees pertaining to the legal case of a subsidiary amounting to RM1,215,000 (2012: RM1,133,000).
- 14.4 Amounts due to Directors represents accrual of Directors fee payable which are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- 14.5 The amount due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

15. **Loans and borrowings**

	Group and Company	
	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000
Current		
Secured		
Revolving credit	1,500	3,500
Bank overdraft	-	994
	1,500	4,494

Security

A financial institution had lodged a private caveat on the land owned by a subsidiary with carrying amounts of RM15.8 million (2012: RM15.8 million) (Note 5) to secure the above banking facilities granted to the Company.

16. Profit for the year

		Gro	oup	Company	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
	Note	RM'000	RM '000	RM '000	RM'000
Profit for the year is arrived at after charging:					
Auditors' remuneration					
- Audit fees					
KPMG Malaysia		110	95	26	26
Other auditors		17	10	-	-
- Non-audit fees					
KPMG Malaysia		10	45	10	35
Depreciation of investment properties	5	155	155	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	3	680	656	-	-
Personnel expenses (including key management personnel):					
- Contributions to state plans		886	794	-	-
- Wages, salaries and others		6,888	6,693	-	-
Rental expense on premises		62	48	-	-
Finance costs		261	23	165	23
Unrealised loss on foreign exchange		-	104	-	-
Accrual for project cost		311	-	-	-
Waiver of debts owed by a subsidiary		-	_	16,678	_

16. Profit for the year (continued)

		Gro	oup	Company		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Profit for the year is arrived at after crediting:						
Dividend income from subsidiaries (unquoted)		-	-	17,814	8,511	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		36	17	-	-	
Inter-company management fees		-	-	750	660	
Interest income from:						
- Fixed deposits		55	1,142	-	219	
- Housing Development Account		25	105	-	-	
- Purchasers (late payment)		37	104	-	-	
Rental income from properties		1,702	1,192	-	-	
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables		327	40	-	_	
Reversal of accrual for project costs		788	_	_	-	
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange		350	-	-	_	

17. Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensations are as follows:

		Gro	oup	Company		
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Company's Directors:						
- Fees		180	160	180	160	
- Remuneration		2,686	2,402	58	46	
- Other short term employee benefits (including estimated monetary value of						
benefits-in-kind)		60	58	-		
		2,926	2,620	238	206	
Other Directors:						
- Remuneration		467	440	-	-	
- Other short term employee benefits (including estimated monetary value						
of benefits-in-kind)		29	29	-	-	
		496	469	-	-	
		3,422	3,089	238	206	

18. Income tax expense

Recognised in profit or loss

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
		Restated		
Current tax expense				
Malaysian - current year	8,867	9,434	1,049	931
- prior year	416	102	-	_
Total current tax recognised in profit or loss	9,283	9,536	1,049	931
Deferred tax expense				
Reversal of temporary differences	(1,909)	(3,266)	(62)	(61)
(Over)/under provision in prior year	(12)	66	3	_
Total deferred tax recognised in profit or loss	(1,921)	(3,200)	(59)	(61)
Total income tax expense	7,362	6,336	990	870
Reconciliation of tax expense				
Profit for the year	20,895	16,477	(11,883)	6,907
Total income tax expense	7,362	6,336	990	870
Profit excluding tax	28,257	22,813	(10,893)	7,777
Income tax calculated using Malaysian tax rate of 25%	7,064	5,703	(2,723)	1,944
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdiction *	5	7	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	282	481	4,261	304
Tax exempt income	(428)	(39)	(551)	(1,378)
Current year losses for which no deferred tax asset was recognised	35	16		
Under provision in prior year	404	168	3	_
orider provision in prior year	7,362	6,336	990	870
	1,002	0,000	330	010

^{*} A subsidiary in Hong Kong (see Note 6) operates in a tax jurisdiction with a lower tax rate of 16.5%.

19. Other comprehensive income

		Tax	
Group	Before tax RM'000	(expense)/ benefit RM'000	Net of tax
	RIVITUUU	RIVITUUU	RM'000
2013			
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations			
- Gains arising during the year	9	-	9

2012

Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations

 Losses arising during the year 	(74)) - (7	4)
--	------	--------	----

20. Earnings per ordinary share

Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per ordinary share at 31 December 2013 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
		Restated
Profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	20,895	16,482
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
	2013 '000	2012 '000
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January	95,860	95,860
Effect of treasury shares held	(6,084)	(6,074)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	89,776	89,786
	Gr	oup
	2013	2012
	Sen	Sen
Basic earnings per ordinary share	23	18

21. Dividends

Dividends recognised by the Company:

	Sen per share (net of tax)	Total amount RM'000	Date of payment
2013			
First and final 2012 ordinary	4.5	4,035	21 June 2013
2012			
First and final 2011 ordinary	4.5	4,040	22 June 2012

After the reporting period, the following dividend was proposed by the Directors. This dividend will be recognised in subsequent financial period upon approval by the owners of the Company.

	Sen per	Total
	share	amount
	(Single tier)	RM'000
First and final ordinary	4.5	4,035

22. Operating segments

The Group has two reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different techniques and marketing strategies and industry expertise. For each of the strategic business units, the Group's Managing Director (the chief operating decision maker) reviews internal management reports at least on a quarterly basis. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Construction Specialist engineering services, turnkey contracts,

building and civil and engineering works, land reclamation, dredging, marine and civil engineering.

Property development
Development of residential and commercial properties.

Other non-reportable segments comprise operations related to the rental of investment property and the provision of property management services.

There are varying levels of integration between reportable segments. This integration includes construction of building. Inter-segment pricing is determined on negotiated basis. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as described in Note 2(t).

Performance is measured based on segment profit before tax as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's Managing Director. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

Segment assets

The total of segment asset is measured based on all assets of a segment, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's Managing Director. Segment total asset is used to measure the return of assets of each segment.

Segment liabilities

Segment liabilities information is neither included in the internal management reports nor provided regularly to the Group's Managing Director. Hence, no disclosure is made on segment liability.

22. **Operating segments** (continued)

	Constr	ruction	Property de	evelopment	Total	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
		Restated		Restated		Restated
Segment profit	7,489	5,800	42,402	28,947	49,891	34,747
Included in the measure of segment profit are:						
Revenue from external customers	-	-	54,731	53,993	54,731	53,993
Inter-segment revenue	33,775	38,916	-	-	33,775	38,916
Not included in the measure of segment profit but provided to Managing Director:						
Depreciation	(725)	(713)	(108)	(96)	(833)	(809)
Finance income	1	491	116	641	117	1,132
Segment assets	67,188	68,016	223,862	228,522	291,050	296,538
Included in the measure of segment assets are:						
Additions to non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets	227	991	1,892	88,009	2,119	89,000

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and other material items

	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000
Profit or loss		Restated
Total profit or loss for reportable segments	49,891	34,747
Other non-reportable segments	(8,814)	13,258
Elimination of inter-segment profits	(12,820)	(25,192)
Consolidated profit before tax	28,257	22,813

22. Operating segments (continued)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and other material items (continued)

2013	External revenue RM'000	Depreciation RM'000	Finance income RM'000	Segment assets RM'000	Additions to non-current assets RM'000
Total reportable segments	54,731	(833)	117	291,050	2,119
Other non-reportable segments	336	(2)	-	196,052	11,379
Elimination of inter-segment transactions or balances	761	-	-	(207,626)	270
Consolidated total	55,828	(835)	117	279,476	13,768
2012 (restated)					
Total reportable segments	53,993	(809)	1,132	296,538	89,000
Other non-reportable segments	119	(2)	219	204,570	8,434
Elimination of inter-segment transactions or balances		-	_	(222,696)	-
Consolidated total	54,112	(811)	1,351	278,412	97,434

Geographical segments

Both the construction and property development segments are now operating solely in Malaysia. However, the Group is still maintaining its subsidiary in Hong Kong which was previously involved in the construction segment. The subsidiary is currently dormant.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on geographical location of customers. Segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Geographical information	Revenue RM'000	Assets RM'000
2013		
Malaysia	55,828	277,662
Hong Kong	-	1,814
	55,828	279,476
2012 (restated)		
Malaysia	54,112	276,539
Hong Kong		1,873
	54,112	278,412

23. **Financial instruments**

23.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

- Loans and receivables ("L&R"); (a)
- (b) Available-for-sale financial assets ("AFS"); and
- Other financial liabilities measured at amortised cost ("FL").

	Carrying	L&R/	AFO
2013	amount RM'000	(FL) RM'000	AFS RM'000
Financial assets			
Group			
Other investments	26	-	26
Trade and other receivables	15,353	15,353	-
Cash and bank balances	8,956	8,956	-
	24,335	24,309	26
Company			
Trade and other receivables	75,112	75,112	-
Cash and bank balances	19	19	-
	75,131	75,131	-
Financial liabilities			
Group			
Trade and other payables	(73,957)	(73,957)	-
Loans and borrowings	(1,500)	(1,500)	-
	(75,457)	(75,457)	-
Company			
Trade and other payables	(11,938)	(11,938)	-
Loans and borrowings	(1,500)	(1,500)	-
	(13,438)	(13,438)	-
2012 (restated)			
Financial assets			
Group			
Other investments	26	-	26
Trade and other receivables	23,981	23,981	-
Cash and bank balances	8,985	8,985	-
	32,992	32,966	26
Company			
Trade and other receivables	82,650	82,650	-
Cash and bank balances	90	90	-
	82,740	82,740	-

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.1 Categories of financial instruments (continued)

2012 (restated)	Carrying amount RM'000	L&R/ (FL) RM'000	AFS RM'000
Financial liabilities			
Group			
Trade and other payables	(85,543)	(85,543)	-
Loans and borrowings	(4,494)	(4,494)	_
	(90,037)	(90,037)	-
Company			
Trade and other payables	(12,444)	(12,444)	-
Loans and borrowings	(4,494)	(4,494)	
	(16,938)	(16,938)	-

23.2 Net gains and losses arising from financial instruments

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Net gains/(losses) on:				
Loans and receivables	794	1,287	(16,678)	219
Other financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(261)	(23)	(165)	(23)

23.3 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

23.4 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from its receivables from customers. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from advances to subsidiaries and financial guarantees given to banks for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries.

Receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Normally financial guarantees given by banks, shareholders or directors of customers are obtained, and credit evaluations are performed on customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.4 Credit risk (continued)

Receivables (continued)

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from receivables is represented by the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

Management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are stated at their realisable values. A significant portion of these receivables are from individual purchasers of the Group's properties and are financed through bank loans. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due more than 60 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

The exposure of credit risk for receivables as at the end of the reporting period by geographic region was:

	Gro	oup
	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000
		Restated
Domestic	13,660	22,230
Hong Kong	1,693	1,751
	15,353	23,981

Impairment losses

The ageing of trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period was:

		Individual	
Group	Gross	impairment	Net
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2013			
Not past due	3,992	-	3,992
Past due 0-30 days	7	-	7
Past due 31-120 days	9	-	9
Past due more than 120 days	5,513	(1,822)	3,691
	9,521	(1,822)	7,699
2012			
Not past due	17,106	-	17,106
Past due more than 120 days	5,481	(2,676)	2,805
	22,587	(2,676)	19,911

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.4 Credit risk (continued)

Receivables (continued)

Impairment losses (continued)

The movements in the allowance for impairment losses of trade receivables during the financial year were:

	Gro	oup
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
At 1 January	2,676	2,783
Impairment loss reversed	(327)	(40)
Impairment loss written off	(634)	-
Effect of foreign exchange differences	107	(67)
At 31 December	1,822	2,676

The allowance account in respect of trade receivables is used to record impairment losses. Unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is possible, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the receivable directly.

Financial guarantees

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to banks and third parties in respect of credit facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the results of the subsidiaries and repayments made by the subsidiaries.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

The maximum exposure to credit risk amounts to RM1.46 million (2012: RM1.58 million) representing the outstanding credit facilities of the subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period.

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that any subsidiary would default on repayment.

Financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition was not material.

Inter company balances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured advances to subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries regularly.

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.4 Credit risk (continued)

Inter company balances (continued)

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

Impairment losses

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that the advances to the subsidiaries are not recoverable. The Company does not specifically monitor the ageing of current advances to the subsidiaries. Nevertheless, these advances have been overdue for less than a year.

23.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables, loans and borrowings.

The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amount.

Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

2013	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate	Contractual cash flows RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000
Group				
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	73,957		73,957	73,957
Revolving credit	1,500	4.85%	1,500	1,500
	75,457		75,457	75,457
Company		_		
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	11,938		11,938	11,938
Revolving credit	1,500	4.85%	1,500	1,500
	13,438		13,438	13,438

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.5 Liquidity risk (continued)

2012	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate	Contractual cash flows RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000
	Restated		Restated	Restated
Group				
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	85,543	-	85,543	85,543
Revolving credit	3,500	4.90%	3,500	3,500
Bank overdraft	994	7.60%	994	994
	90,037	_	90,037	90,037
Company		-		
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	12,444	-	12,444	12,444
Revolving credit	3,500	4.90%	3,500	3,500
Bank overdraft	994	7.60%	994	994
	16,938	_	16,938	16,938

23.6 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other prices that will affect the Group's financial position or cash flows.

23.6.1 Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales, foreign bank balances and short term deposits with a licensed bank that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The currency giving rise to this risk is Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD").

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Exposures to foreign currency risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group does not hedge its foreign currency risk.

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.6 Market risk (continued)

23.6.1 Currency risk (continued)

Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than the currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period were:

	Denomina	Denominated in HKD		
Group	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000		
Trade and other receivables	1,693	1,751		
Cash and bank balances	5,170	4,739		
	6,863	6,490		

Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 10 percent strengthening of HKD against RM at the end of the reporting period would have increased equity by RM686,300 and post-tax profit or loss by RM514,725. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant.

A 10 percent weakening of HKD against RM at the end of the reporting period would have had equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remained constant.

23.6.2 Interest rate risk

The Group's fixed rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in their fair value due to changes in interest rates. The Group's variable rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in cash flows due to changes in interest rates. The Group places short term deposits with licensed banks which are not significantly exposed to risk of changes in interest rates. Short term receivables and payables are not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group adopts a practice to continuously seek alternative banking facilities which provide competitive interest rates to finance and/or refinance its working capital requirement.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period were:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial assets	3,166	2,672	-	
Floating rate instruments				
Financial liabilities	(1,500)	(4,494)	(1,500)	(4,494)

23. Financial instruments (continued)

23.6 Market risk (continued)

23.6.2 Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

(a) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and the Group does not designate derivatives as hedging instruments under a fair value hedged accounting model. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

(b) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The exposure to interest rate risk of the Group on variable rate instruments is not material and hence, sensitivity analysis is not presented.

23.6.3 Other price risk

Equity price risk arises from the Group's investments in equity securities. The exposure to other price risk of the Group is not material and hence, sensitivity analysis is not presented.

23.7 Fair value information

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables and short term borrowings are approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Group's investment in unquoted shares due to the lack of comparable quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs.

Level 1 fair value

Level 1 fair value is derived from quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the financial assets and liabilities.

The fair value of the quoted investments of the Group amounting to RM11,000 not carried at fair value is categorised at Level 1.

24. Capital management

The Group's objective when managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. During the year, the Group has undertaken loans and borrowings from a licensed bank to finance its working capital purposes.

24. Capital management (continued)

The debt-to-equity ratio at 31 December 2013 was as follows:

	Gro	oup
	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000
		Restated
Total borrowings (Note 15)	1,500	4,494
Total equity	183,618	166,878
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.01	0.03

Under the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Practice Note No. 17/2005, the Company is required to maintain a consolidated shareholders' equity equal to or not less than the 25 percent of the issued and paid-up capital (excluding treasury shares) and such shareholders' equity is not less than RM40 million. The Company has complied with this requirement.

25. Contingencies

The Directors are of the opinion that provisions are not required in respect of these matters, as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required.

	Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Contingent liabilities not considered remote		
Corporate guarantees (unsecured)		
Guarantees given to financial institutions for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	1,126	1,134
Guarantees given to third parties for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries for purchase of materials/services	338	448
	1,464	1,582

26. Related parties

Identity of related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group, and certain members of senior management of the Group.

The Group has related party relationship with its subsidiaries and key management personnel.

Significant related party transactions

Related party transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business under normal trade terms. The significant related party transactions of the Group and the Company, other than key management personnel compensation (see Note 17) are shown below. Significant related parties balances related to the below transactions are disclosed in Notes 11 and 14 to the financial statements.

26. Related parties (continued)

Group and Company	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Key management personnel		
Dato' Tan Boon Kang		
Rental expense on premises payable by a subsidiary, Ken Grouting Sdn. Bhd., to a company in which the Director has interests	12	12
Tan Chek Siong		
Sale of property by a subsidiary, Khidmat Tulin Sdn. Bhd., to a Director	-	60
Company		
Subsidiaries		
Management fees receivable		
- Ken Grouting Sdn. Bhd.	(360)	(120)
- Ken Projects Sdn. Bhd.	(390)	(120)
- Ken Property Sdn. Bhd.	-	(420)
	(750)	(660)
Dividend income receivable		
- Ken Grouting Sdn. Bhd.	(3,000)	(3,000)
- Ken Projects Sdn. Bhd.	(2,204)	(5,511)
- Ken Property Sdn. Bhd.	(585)	
	(5,789)	(8,511)

27. Acquisition and subscription of subsidiaries

27.1 Acquisition of a subsidiary – Ken JBCC Sdn. Bhd.

On 14 November 2012, the Group acquired all the shares in Ken JBCC Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken JBCC") for a total cash consideration of RM40.56 million and assumed liabilities of RM15.61 million. Ken JBCC is involved in property development activity. The acquisition of Ken JBCC will enable the Group to undertake property development at the southern corridor of Peninsula Malaysia.

The following summarises the major classes of consideration transferred, and the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	Note	Group and Company RM'000
Fair value of consideration transferred		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Acquisition consideration		40,558
Assumed liabilities		15,613
		56,171
Settlement of assumed liabilities		(15,613)
Net cash outflow arising from acquisition of subsidiary		40,558
	=	· ·

27. Acquisition and subscription of subsidiaries (continued)

27.1 Acquisition of a subsidiary – Ken JBCC Sdn. Bhd. (continued)

	Note	Group and Company RM'000
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed		
Land held for property development	4	70,000
Other payables and accruals		(15,613)
Deferred tax liabilities	8	(13,829)
Total identifiable net assets		40,558

Acquisition-related costs

The Group incurred acquisition-related costs of RM537,000 related to external legal fees and due diligence costs. The legal fees and due diligence costs have been included in administrative expenses in the Group's consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

27.2 Subscription of a subsidiary - Wealthy Discovery Sdn. Bhd.

On 2 October 2012, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, Sphere Supreme Sdn. Bhd. ("SSSB") subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each in Wealthy Discovery Sdn. Bhd. ("WDSB") for a total cash consideration of RM2. Subsequently, SSSB subscribed for additional 39,998 ordinary shares of RM1 each and in total it holds 40,000 ordinary shares in WDSB representing 40% of the equity interest.

28. Significant events

28.1 Incorporations of subsidiaries

On 29 March 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, Ken Rimba Sdn. Bhd. subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Swift Frontiers Sdn. Bhd. ("SFSB") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 20 June 2013, the Company subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken City Sdn. Bhd. ("KCTSB") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 21 June 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, KCTSB subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken City JB Sdn. Bhd. ("KCTJB") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 26 December 2013, the Company subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken JBCC Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("KJH") and Ken Estate Sdn. Bhd. ("KESB") for a total cash consideration of RM2 per company.

On 27 December 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, KJH subscribed 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 100% of the equity interest in Ken JBCC Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken JBCC Land") for a total cash consideration of RM2.

On 27 December 2013, the Group via its wholly-owned subsidiary, KESB subscribed the following six companies for a cash consideration of RM2 per company:

- (1) Ken Estate Penang Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Estate Penang")
- (2) Ken Estate (Melaka) Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Estate Melaka")
- (3) Ken Pahang Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Pahang Land")
- (4) Ken Selangor Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Selangor Land")
- (5) Ken Kelantan Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Kelantan Land")
- (6) Ken Damansara Land Sdn. Bhd. ("Ken Damansara Land")

28. Significant events (continued)

28.1 Incorporations of subsidiaries (continued)

The above transactions were completed during the year. Consequently, SFSB, KCTSB, KCTJB, KJH, KESB, Ken JBCC Land, Ken Estate Penang, Ken Estate Melaka, Ken Pahang Land, Ken Selangor Land, Ken Kelantan Land and Ken Damansara Land became wholly-owned subsidiaries of Ken Holdings Berhad.

28.2 Repurchase of Company's shares

During the financial year, the Company repurchased 102,000 of its issued ordinary shares for a total cash consideration of RM128,924 from the open market at an average price of RM1.26 per share. As at 31 December 2013, total treasury shares held by the Company was 6,185,700.

29. Subsequent event

Proposed share split of Company's shares

On 24 February 2014, the Company announced to undertake a proposed share split involving the subdivision of every one (1) existing Company's share into two (2) split shares and the amendments to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company (to facilitate the implementation of the proposed share split).

Upon completion of the proposed share split, the resultant issued and paid-up share capital of the Company will be RM95,860,000 comprising 191,720,000 split shares (including 12,371,400 split shares held as treasury shares).

The proposed share split shall be subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

30. Comparative figures

Following the adoption of FRS 10, a reassessment was undertaken and an entity previously accounted for as an investment in a jointly-controlled entity was restated to be an investment in a subsidiary. The effects of the restatement are disclosed below:

	31.1	1.12.2012	
Group	As restated RM'000	As previously stated RM'000	
Statements of financial position			
Non-current assets			
Land held for property development	102,229	85,738	
Investment in jointly-controlled entity	-	3	
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	23,981	30,661	
Cash and bank balances	8,985	8,680	
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	(85,543)	(75,518)	
Equity			
Non-controlling interests	(55)	-	
Reserves	(70,963)	(70,930)	

Comparative figures (continued) 30.

		31.12.2012

Group	As restated RM'000	As previously stated RM'000
Statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income		
Administrative expenses	(10,472)	(10,463)
Share of loss of jointly-controlled entity	-	37
Profit before tax	22,813	22,785
Profit for the year	16,477	16,449
Total comprehensive income	16,403	16,375
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	16,482	16,449
Non-controlling interests	(5)	-
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	16,408	16,375
Non-controlling interests	(5)	-
Statements of cash flows		
Profit before tax	22,813	22,785
Share of loss of jointly-controlled entity	-	37
Land held for property development	(18,895)	(2,404)
Trade and other payables	33,427	23,302
Trade and other receivables	(16,022)	(22,702)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	(40,598)	(40,558)
Cash and bank balances	6,313	6,008

31. Supplementary financial information on the breakdown of realised and unrealised profits or losses

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December, into realised and unrealised profits, pursuant to Paragraphs 2.06 and 2.23 of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, are as follows:

	Group		Com	pany
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
		Restated		
Total retained earnings of the Company and its subsidiaries				
- realised	129,225	102,187	25,063	29,014
- unrealised	(6,704)	(2,283)	202	143
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(34,947)	(29,190)	-	_
Total retained earnings	87,574	70,714	25,265	29,157

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 55 to 107 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in Note 31 on page 108 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised a

Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.
Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:
Dato' Tan Boon Kang
Tang Kam Chee
Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Date: 12 March 2014
Statutory Declaration Pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965
I, Tang Kam Chee , the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of Ken Holdings Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 55 to 108 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.
Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named in Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory on 12 March 2014
Tang Kam Chee

Before me:

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

to the members of Ken Holdings Berhad

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Ken Holdings Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2013 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 55 to 107.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965, in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We have considered the accounts and the auditors' reports of the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 6 to the financial statements.
- (c) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (d) The audit reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

to the members of Ken Holdings Berhad

Other Reporting Responsibilities

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information set out in Note 31 on page 108 to the financial statements has been compiled by the Company as required by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements and is not required by the Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia. We have extended our audit procedures to report on the process of compilation of such information. In our opinion, the information has been properly compiled, in all material respects, in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

KPMG

Firm Number: AF 0758 Chartered Accountants

Petaling Jaya, Malaysia

Date: 12 March 2014

Chan Kam Chiew

Approval Number: 2055/06/14(J) Chartered Accountant

LIST OF PROPERTIES

as at 31 December 2013

The properties of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

No.	Location	Description/ usage	Tenure/ year of expiry	Age of property/building	Land/ Built-up area	Net book Value (RM'000)	Year of valuation/acquisition
1.	Geran Nos. 63978 and 35098 Lot No. 20 and 419, Section 1 Bandar Batu Ferringgi District of Timur Laut State of Penang	Two parcels of beach front undeveloped land	Freehold	-	2.53 acres	5,617	2005
2.	Geran 6372A, 6373 to 6377 Lot Nos. 8272 to 8277 Mukim of Chenderiang District of Batang Padang State of Perak Darul Ridzuan	Six parcels of agriculture land	Freehold	-	50.98 acres	1,741	2005
3.	HSD: 10305-312, 314, 317-322, 324-334, 485-492 (PT 0011128-135, 137, 140-145, 147-157, 308-315) Mukim of Bentong State of Pahang Darul Makmur	34 lots of vacant bungalow lots	Freehold	-	14.44 acres	1,930	2003
4.	PM 269, Lot No. 13555 Kampung Sungai Kayu Ara Mukim of Sungai Buloh District of Petaling State of Selangor Darul Ehsan	A parcel of land occupied as store	Leasehold/ 1 February 2079	65 years unexpired lease	47,006 sq ft	3,286	2010**
5.	PM 270, Lot No. 13559 Kampung Sungai Kayu Ara Mukim of Sungai Buloh District of Petaling State of Selangor Darul Ehsan	A parcel of land occupied as store	Leasehold/ 1 February 2079	65 years unexpired lease	36,909 sq ft	2,870	2010**
6.	Lot 29504, H.S. (O) 4926 Mukim and District of Kuala Lumpur State of Federal Territory Postal address: 6, Jalan Datuk Sulaiman Taman Tun Dr. Ismail 60000 Kuala Lumpur Federal Territory	One unit of three-storey terrace shophouse/ occupied as corporate office	Freehold	33 years	1,875 sq ft	3,140	2010**

LIST OF PROPERTIES

as at 31 December 2013

The properties of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are as follows: (continued)

No.	Location	Description/ usage	Tenure/ year of expiry	Age of property/building	Land/ Built-up area	Net book Value (RM'000)	Year of valuation/acquisition
7.	Lot A1-G-01 to A1-G-10 and A8-G-01 to A8-G-04 Rumah Pangsa Kampung Aman Satu Jalan SK6/1 Taman Bukit Serdang Seksyen 4&5 43300 Selangor State of Selangor Darul Ehsan	14 units of groundfloor shoplots	Leasehold/ 1 May 2098	13 Years	9,100 sq ft	1,388	2005*
8.	A-3A-1, A-3A-2, A-3A-3, A-3A-3A, A-3A-7, B-3A-5, C-3A-2, C-3A-3, C-3A-6 Ken Damansara Condominium No. 217 Jalan SS2/72 47400 Petaling Jaya State of Selangor Darul Ehsan	9 units of retail commercial lots	Freehold	11 Years	6,247 sq ft	633	2005*
9.	GM 43019 Lot No 37448 and GM 1849 Lot No. 17494 Mukim of Kapar District of Klang State of Selangor Darul Ehsan	Two parcels of land for residential development	Freehold	-	Approximately 37.42 acres	8,265	2003
10.	Geran 44855 (formerly H.S.(D) 7212) Lot 31210 and Geran 44856 (formerly H.S.(D) 7213) Lot 31211 Mukim dan District of Kuala Lumpur	Two parcels of land for investment	Freehold	-	Approximately 1.21 acres	42,235	2007
11.	11255, Lot 38126 Tempat Kampung Melayu Malra, Sungai Buloh Bandar Sungai Buloh Daerah Gombak Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan	A parcel of land to be occupied as store	Leasehold/ 18 August 2068	54 years unexpired lease	110,543 sq ft	1,750	2008

LIST OF PROPERTIES

as at 31 December 2013

The properties of the Group as at 31 December 2013 are as follows: (continued)

No.	Location	Description/ usage	Tenure/ year of expiry	Age of property/building	Land/ Built-up area	Net book Value (RM'000)	Year of valuation/acquisition
12.	01-01, 01-02, 01-03, 01-04, 01-05, 01-06, 01-07, 01-08, 01-09, 01-10, 01-11, 01-12, 01-13, 01-14, 01-15, 01-16, 01-17 Pangsapuri Rimba 2, No. 5, Jalan Lengkuas 16/19, Seksyen 16, 40200 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan	17 units of ground floor shoplots	Freehold	4 Years	11,050 sq ft	1,776	2010
13.	GM1431-1438 Lot No. 2794-2797, 3511-3514 & HS(M) 1723, PT3747 Mukim Cheng District of Melaka Tengah State of Melaka	Nine parcels of land for investment	Freehold	-	437,671 sq ft	5,800	2011
14.	HS(D) 10382 Lot PT 11205 and HS(D) 10386 Lot 11209 Mukim and District of Bentong State of Pahang	Two parcels of land for development	Freehold	-	Approximately 4.95 acres	16,497	2012
15.	PN 38964, 38965, 38966 and 38967 Lots 22642, 22643, 22644 and 22645 Town and District of Johor Bahru State of Johor	Four parcels of land for development	Leasehold/ 8 March 2091	77 years unexpired lease	992,368 sq ft 71,599		2012

^{*} Valuation done in 2005 ** Valuation done in 2010

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

as at 7 March 2014

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital : RM300,000,000/-Issued and fully paid-up capital : RM95,860,000/-

Class of shares : Ordinary shares of RM1.00 each

Voting rights : 1 vote per ordinary share

: 6,185,700 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each No. of treasury shares held

ANALYSIS BY SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of shareholdings	No. of shareholders	%	No. of shares held	%
Less than 100 shares	96	6.02	2,713	0.00
100 - 1,000 shares	171	10.73	124,077	0.14
1,001 - 10,000	1,041	65.31	4,967,350	5.54
10,001 - 100,000	237	14.87	6,844,800	7.63
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	47	2.95	34,869,929	38.89
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.12	42,865,431	47.80
Total	1,594	100.00	89,674,300	100.00

LIST OF THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

	Name	No. of shares held	%
1.	Kencana Bahagia Sdn. Bhd.	32,274,819	35.99
2.	SJ Sec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Budaya Dinamik Sdn. Bhd.	10,590,612	11.81
3.	SJ Sec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Seloka Aman Sdn. Bhd.	3,331,500	3.72
4.	Tan Chek Siong	3,121,000	3.48
5.	Tan Chek Een	3,000,000	3.34
6.	Tan Chek Ying	3,000,000	3.34
7.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Tan Kian Aik	2,096,600	2.34
8.	Dato' Tan Boon Kang	1,981,800	2.21
9.	Kencana Bahagia Sdn. Bhd.	1,650,000	1.84
10.	Tan Foo See	1,624,989	1.81
11.	Yeoh Kean Hua	1,530,000	1.71
12.	SJ Sec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Adat Saga Sdn. Bhd.	1,186,600	1.32
13.	To' Puan Lau Pek Kuan	1,150,000	1.28
14.	Tan Kian Aik	929,200	1.04
15.	I-Wen Morsingh	843,500	0.94
16.	To' Puan Lau Pek Kuan	808,500	0.90
17.	Tan Chee Koon	748,400	0.83
18.	Teo Kwee Hock	671,800	0.75
19.	Low Siew Choong @ Liew Siew Meng	645,750	0.72
20.	Tan Moon Hwa	601,340	0.67

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

as at 7 March 2014

LIST OF THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

	Name	No. of shares held	%
21.	HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Lim Chai Beng	525,900	0.59
22.	Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Axa Affin General Insurance Berhad	430,000	0.48
23.	Yeo Khee Huat	328,000	0.37
24.	Lau Chin Ka	325,660	0.36
25.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn. Bhd. Exempt An for Credit Suisse (SG BR-TST-ASING)	320,900	0.36
26.	Lau Chin Kok	311,500	0.35
27.	Bernard Chang Tze Wah	250,000	0.28
28.	Lim Hong Liang	246,740	0.28
29.	Sek Kiang Noi	215,000	0.24
30.	Lim Khuan Eng	200,000	0.22
	Total	74,940,110	83.57

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (AS SHOWN IN THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS)

	No. of ordinary shares			res of RM1.00 e	of RM1.00 each	
Name of substantial shareholders		Direct	%	Indirect	%	
1)	Dato' Tan Boon Kang	1,981,800	2.21	41,883,319(1)	46.71	
2)	To' Puan Lau Pek Kuan	1,958,500	2.18	41,906,619(1)	46.73	
3)	Anton Syazi bin Ahmad Sebi	-	-	10,590,612(2)	11.81	
4)	Aryati Sasya Binti Ahmad Sebi	-	-	10,590,612(2)	11.81	
5)	Budaya Dinamik Sdn. Bhd.	10,590,612	11.81	-	-	
6)	Kencana Bahagia Sdn. Bhd.	33,924,819	37.83	_	_	

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

	No. of ordinary shares of RM			res of RM1.00 e	1.00 each	
Directors' name		Direct	%	Indirect	%	
1)	Dato' Tan Boon Kang	1,981,800	2.21	41,883,319(1)	46.71	
2)	Tan Chek Siong	3,121,000	3.48	-	-	
3)	Tan Moon Hwa	601,340	0.67	-	-	
4)	Tang Kam Chee	100,000	0.11	-	-	
5)	YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar	-	-	-	-	
6)	YAM Dato' Seri Syed Azni Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Syed Putra Jamalullail	-	-	-	-	
7)	Dato' Ir. Dr. Ashaari bin Mohamad	-	-	-	-	
8)	Sha Thiam Lu	-	-	-	-	

By virtue of his interest in the Company, Dato' Tan Boon Kang is deemed to be interested in the shares in all subsidiaries to the extent that the Company has an interest.

Notes:

- (1) Deemed interested by virtue of his/her substantial shareholding in Kencana Bahagia Sdn. Bhd. and the shareholdings of his/her spouse and children in the Company.
- Deemed interested by virtue of his/her substantial shareholding in Budaya Dinamik Sdn. Bhd. (2)





KEN HOLDINGS BERHAD

(Company No.: 106173-M) (Incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act, 1965)

I/We_	CHILL NAVE WED COVE STEEDS		
of	(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)		
heina	(ADDRESS) a member(s) of KEN HOLDINGS BERHAD hereby appoint		
	(F	FULL NAME)	
	(ADDRESS)		
or faili	ng him/her		
of	(ADDRESS)		
THIRT Count a.m ar (*Strike	ng him/her, the Chairman of the Meeting as *my/our proxy to vote for *me/us IETH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company to be held at Dewan Berjary Resort, Jalan Bukit Kiara, Off Jalan Damansara, 60000 Kuala Lumpur on Tue and at any adjournment thereof. Sout whichever is not desired) You desire to direct your Proxy as to how to vote on the Resolutions set out in the Notice of Meeting Inc.	aya, Bukit Kia sday, 15 April eeting, please ind	ra Equestrian & 2014, at 10.00
NO.	iate space. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote or abstain from voting at his discretion.) RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST
1)	To declare a First and Final Single Tier Dividend		
2)	To approve Directors' fees		
3)	Re-election of Dato' Tan Boon Kang as Director		
4)	Re-election of Mr. Tan Chek Siong as Director		
5)	Re-election of YB Dato' Seri Dr. Raja Haji Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar as Director		
6)	Re-appointment of Messrs. KPMG as Auditors		
7)	Ordinary Resolution 1 - Proposed Share Split		
8)	Ordinary Resolution 2 - Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965		
9)	Ordinary Resolution 3 - Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back		
10)	Ordinary Resolution 4 - Continuing in Office as Independent Non-Executive Director		
11)	Special Resolution – Proposed Amendments		
No. o	of Shares Held: Account No.:		
	o. (during office hours):		
I EI IV	o. (during office flours).		Signature

Notes:

- A member of the Company entitled to attend, speak and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint any person as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of proxy.
- A member may appoint up to two (2) persons to be his/her proxy. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. 2.
- Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee ("EAN") as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one (1) securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the EAN may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds. 3.
- In the case of a corporate body, the proxy appointed must be in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and the instrument appointing a proxy shall be given under the Company's Common Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office at No. 6, Jalan Datuk Sulaiman, Taman Tun Dr. Ismail, 60000 Kuala Lumpur not less than 48 hours before the 5. time set for the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- For purposes of determining who shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at this meeting, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to make available to the Company pursuant to Article 55(C) of the Articles of Association of the Company and Paragraph 7.16(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, a Record of Depositors as at 8 April 2014 and a Depositor whose name appears on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at this meeting or appoint proxy to attend, speak and vote in his/her stead.





KEN HOLDINGS BERHAD

(106173-M)
6, JALAN DATUK SULAIMAN
TAMAN TUN DR ISMAIL
60000 KUALA LUMPUR
MALAYSIA